
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

**Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Filed by the Registrant ☒

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant ☐

Check the appropriate box:

- ☐ Preliminary Proxy Statement
- ☐ Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- ☒ Definitive Proxy Statement
- ☐ Definitive Additional Materials
- ☐ Soliciting Material under § 240.14a-12

TYLER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)
(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)
Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box)

☒ No fee required.

☐ Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.

- (1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
- (2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:
- (3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):
- (4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:
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☐ Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.

☐ Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing.

- (1) Amount Previously Paid:
 - (2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:
 - (3) Filing Party:
 - (4) Date Filed:
-
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2026 PROXY STATEMENT

Empowering people who serve the public®



March 23, 2026

Dear Shareholder:

You are cordially invited to attend the annual meeting of shareholders of Tyler Technologies, Inc., to be held on Tuesday, May 5, 2026, at 9:00 a.m. Central Time. The meeting will be held in a virtual-only format at www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/TYL2026. Details of the business to be conducted are given in the attached Notice of Annual Meeting and Proxy Statement.

Because the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be held via the Internet only, the accompanying proxy materials include instructions on how to attend the meeting and the means by which you may vote and submit questions during the meeting. You may revoke your proxy in the manner described in the Proxy Statement at any time before it has been voted at the meeting. Any shareholder attending the meeting may vote electronically even if they have returned a proxy. Participation in the live virtual meeting will be considered in-person attendance.

Your vote is important. Whether or not you plan to attend the meeting, we hope that you will vote as soon as possible.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to express our appreciation for your continued interest in Tyler Technologies.

Yours very truly,



Glenn A Carter
Lead Independent Director



5101 Tennyson Parkway, Plano, Texas 75024

To Our Shareholders

Notice Of Annual Meeting Of Shareholders

Date:

Tuesday,
May 5, 2026

Time:

9:00 a.m.,
Central Time

Place:

Virtual (Internet)
www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/TYL2026

The annual meeting of shareholders will be held in a virtual-only format at www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/TYL2026 on Tuesday, May 5, 2026, at 9:00 a.m. Central Time. Instructions for accessing the meeting are provided in the "Other Helpful Information" section at the end of the proxy materials.

At the meeting, you will be asked to:

-
- 1 elect eight directors to serve until the next annual meeting or until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified;
 - 2 approve an advisory resolution on executive compensation;
 - 3 ratify the selection of our independent auditors for fiscal year 2026; and
 - 4 **vote on a shareholder proposal regarding political spending.**
-

Only shareholders of record as of March 13, 2026, may vote at the annual meeting.

All shareholders are encouraged to vote and submit their proxies in advance of the meeting by one of the methods described in the proxy materials. Please reference the "Voting Your Shares" portion of the "Other Helpful Information" section. Your prompt response will reduce the time and expense of solicitation.

The enclosed 2025 Annual Report does not form any part of the proxy solicitation material.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Abigail", written over a light gray horizontal line.

Abigail Diaz
Chief Administrative Officer
Corporate Secretary

Plano, Texas
March 23, 2026

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Proxy Summary

Meeting Details

Date:

Tuesday,
May 5, 2026

Time:

9:00 a.m.,
Central Time

Place:

Virtual (Internet)

This Proxy Statement and accompanying form of proxy, solicited on behalf of the Board of Directors, are being made available to shareholders on or about March 23, 2026.

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this Proxy Statement and does not contain all of the information you should consider. Please read the entire Proxy Statement carefully before voting.

Board Recommendation

Shareholders are being asked to vote on the following matters at the 2026 Annual Meeting.

Proposal	Description	Board Recommendation	Page Reference
1	Election of Directors	FOR	7
2	Advisory Approval of Our Executive Compensation	FOR	19
3	Ratification of Our Independent Auditors for Fiscal Year 2026	FOR	20
4	Shareholder Proposal Regarding Political Spending	AGAINST	22

Ways to Vote



By internet: Go to www.proxyvote.com to transmit your voting instructions up until 11:59 P.M. Eastern Time the day before the meeting date.



By phone: Call 1-800-690-6903 using a touch-tone phone to transmit your voting instructions up until 11:59 P.M. Eastern Time the day before the meeting date.



By mail: Complete, sign and date the proxy card and return it in the prepaid envelope.

Director Nominees

The following table summarizes certain attributes of each director nominee.

	Director Since	Age (Years)	Gender (Male/Female)	Independent Director ⁽¹⁾	2025 Committee Assignment(s)
Glenn A. Carter	2014	70	M		NGC (C) Comp
Margot L. Carter	2024	58	F		NGC
Brenda A. Cline	2014	65	F		Audit (C) NGC
Ronnie D. Hawkins, Jr.	2021	70	M		Comp
Cecil W. Jones	n/a	67	M		n/a
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	2017	58	M		Exec
Daniel M. Pope	2016	63	M		Comp (C) Audit
Andrew D. Teed	2024	54	M		Audit

1. For more information regarding board independence matters, see “Board and Committee Independence.”

NGC = Nominating and Governance Committee, Audit = Audit Committee, Comp = Compensation Committee

Exec = Executive Committee, (C) = Chair

Each nominee has indicated that they are able and willing to serve as a director. If any nominee becomes unable to serve prior to the meeting, the persons named in the enclosed proxy will vote the shares covered by your executed proxy for a substitute nominee as selected by the Board of Directors.

Corporate Governance Facts: At a Glance

Recent Highlights

- Exercised automatic renewal of one-year executive employment agreements with Named Executive Officers under agreement.
- Submitted third cybersecurity disclosure (Item 1C) in Form 10-K dated February 18, 2026.
- Updated Audit Committee charter to include oversight of artificial intelligence risks and Compensation Committee charter to include oversight of human capital management strategies.

2025 Board and Committee Overview

- Board size: 8
- Number of independent directors: 6
- Board committees consisting entirely of independent directors: Audit; Nominating and Governance; and Compensation
- All directors in the 2025-2026 term attended at least 75% of meetings held
- All directors elected annually
- Majority voting standard for directors in uncontested elections
- Plurality carveout for contested elections
- Director resignation policy
- Lead Independent Director appointed
- Independent directors meet in executive sessions

- Board and committees conduct annual self-evaluations
- Stock anti-hedging and pledging policy in effect
- Risk oversight by full board and as allocated to committees
- Annual advisory vote on executive compensation since 2017
- Stock ownership requirements for directors and executive officers
- Executive compensation recovery policy and incentive compensation recovery policy

Shareholder Rights Snapshot

- Tyler is not a controlled company
- Board is not a classified board
- No cumulative voting
- Board has ability to issue blank-check preferred stock
- Shareholders approved majority vote requirement for mergers, share exchanges, and certain other transactions at May 2025 annual meeting; Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation dated July 29, 2025 effected those changes.
- Shareholder ability to call special meetings and to request action by written consent

Compensation Facts: At a Glance

Our executive compensation program is designed and administered to reward for performance based on the following objectives:

- Provide compensation that attracts, motivates, retains and rewards a talented executive team with deep experience in the public sector and cloud technology;
- Design compensation to prevent excessive risk-taking while rewarding for responsible growth of revenue and operating margin;
- Provide a mix of compensation elements that balances performance-based with service-based compensation, and annual compensation with long-term compensation; and
- Deliver compensation based on the achievement of key operational results and long-term strategic objectives which drive Company performance and align executive compensation with increased shareholder value.

To achieve these objectives, elements of our compensation program include, but are not limited to:

- A mix of fixed compensation, short-term incentives, and long-term incentives in alignment with performance goals
- Target compensation to Named Executive Officers provided as 20% service-based (salary and time-based restricted stock units) and 80% performance-based (annual and long-term performance-based restricted stock units)
- No material non-cash benefits, deferred compensation benefits, other executive perquisites, or unique health and welfare benefits
- Executive requirements to hold a meaningful ownership stake in the Company, consistent with our stock ownership guidelines, with minimum one-year vesting periods
- Caps and appropriate controls to ensure excessive risk is not incentivized
- Prohibition on stock option exchanges or repricing without shareholder approval
- Enforcement of an executive compensation recovery policy and a stock anti-hedging and pledging policy
- An annual shareholder advisory vote on Named Executive Officer compensation since 2017
- Engagement with shareholders on executive compensation perspectives
- Annual compensation-related risk assessment
- No excise tax payments or "gross ups" on future post-employment compensation to our Named Executive Officers

Our Compensation Committee, comprised entirely of independent directors, is responsible for overseeing our executive compensation program.

Securities Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The following table sets forth certain information concerning the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of March 13, 2026, by (i) each beneficial owner of more than 5% of our common stock, (ii) each director and nominee, (iii) each “Named Executive Officer” (as defined in the SEC’s Regulation S-K), and (iv) all of our executive officers and directors as a group.

Security Ownership of Directors and Management

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner ⁽¹⁾	Direct ⁽²⁾ (#)	Options Exercisable Within 60 Days ⁽³⁾ (#)	Stock Awards Vested Within 60 Days ⁽⁴⁾ (#)	Other ⁽⁵⁾ (#)	Total (#)	Percent of Class ⁽⁶⁾ (%)
The Vanguard Group 100 Vanguard Blvd. Malvern, PA 19355	5,570,120 ⁽⁷⁾	—	—	—	5,570,120	13.1
BlackRock, Inc. 55 Hudson Yards New York, NY 10001	4,071,227 ⁽⁸⁾	—	—	—	4,071,227	9.6
Directors and Nominees						
Glenn A. Carter	5,298	5,000	452	—	10,750	*
Margot L. Carter	518	—	452	—	970	*
Brenda A. Cline	2,519 ⁽⁹⁾	—	452	4,002 ⁽⁹⁾	6,973	*
Ronnie D. Hawkins, Jr.	2,519	—	452	—	2,971	*
Cecil W. Jones	425	—	—	—	425	*
Daniel M. Pope	2,871	—	452	—	3,323	*
Andrew D. Teed	5,118 ⁽¹⁰⁾	—	452	2,000 ⁽¹⁰⁾	7,570	*
Named Executive Officers						
John S. Marr, Jr.	9,342 ⁽¹¹⁾	23,375	6,328	16,888 ⁽¹¹⁾	55,933	*
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	100,392	140,752	—	—	241,144	*
Brian K. Miller	25,338 ⁽¹²⁾	16,667	—	13,695 ⁽¹³⁾	55,700	*
Jeffrey D. Puckett	7,754	44,700	—	—	52,454	*
Abigail M. Diaz	4,437 ⁽¹⁴⁾	8,001	—	400 ⁽¹⁴⁾	12,838	*
Directors and executive officers as a group (12 persons)	166,531	238,495	9,040	36,985	451,051	1.1

* Less than one percent of our outstanding common stock

1. Unless otherwise noted, the address of each beneficial owner is our corporate headquarters: 5101 Tennyson Parkway, Plano, Texas 75024.
2. "Direct" represents shares as to which each named individual has sole voting or dispositive power. All share numbers are rounded to the nearest whole share.
3. "Options Exercisable within 60 Days" reflects the number of shares that could be purchased by exercise of options at March 13, 2026, or within 60 days thereafter.
4. "Stock Awards Vested within 60 Days" reflects the number of restricted stock units that will vest and be settled in shares at March 13, 2026, or within 60 days thereafter.
5. "Other" represents the number of shares of common stock as to which the named entity or individual share (or may be deemed to share) voting and dispositive power with another entity or individual(s).
6. Based on 42,453,700 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding at March 13, 2026. Each shareholder's percentage is calculated by dividing (a) the number of shares beneficially owned by (b) the sum of (i) 42,453,700 plus (ii) the number of shares such owner has the right to acquire within 60 days.
7. Based on information reported by The Vanguard Group on Amendment No. 13 to Schedule 13G that was filed with the SEC on July 29, 2025. The Vanguard Group is deemed to have beneficial ownership of these shares, which includes sole voting power of 0 shares, sole dispositive power of 5,362,189 shares, shared voting power of 56,441 shares, and shared dispositive power of 207,931 shares.
8. Based on information reported by BlackRock, Inc. on Amendment No. 17 to Schedule 13G that was filed with the SEC on February 5, 2025, BlackRock, Inc. is deemed to have beneficial ownership of all of these shares, which includes sole voting power for 3,769,632 shares, sole dispositive power for all 4,071,227 shares.
9. Includes: 4,002 shares owned indirectly by Ms. Cline, which are held by a family limited partnership in which Ms. Cline and her husband each own a 44% limited partner interest, and each have 50% ownership and control of the sole general partner with a 2% general partner interest. The remaining limited partner interests are owned by Ms. Cline's sons. Ms. Cline disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares except to the extent of her pecuniary interest therein.
10. Indirect shares include 2,000 shares owned by a trust in which Mr. Teed and his wife are sole trustees and for which Mr. Teed is deemed to have shared voting power and dispositive power.
11. Includes: (a) 5,650 shares held in a descendant's trust in which Mr. Marr is a co-trustee and is deemed to have shared voting and/or dispositive power; (b) 5,238 shares held in a revocable trust established by Mr. Marr's wife in which Mr. Marr's children are the beneficiaries and for which Mr. Marr is a co-trustee; and (c) 6,000 shares held in a partnership in which Mr. Marr is the general partner (the partnership is owned 99% by a trust in which Mr. Marr's children are the beneficiaries and 1% by the general partner). Mr. Marr disclaims beneficial ownership of the indirect shares, except to the extent of his pecuniary interest therein.
12. Includes: 8,136 shares held in a margin account.
13. Includes: (a) 4,369 shares owned indirectly, which are owned by a family trust for which Mr. Miller's spouse is the beneficiary and trustee; (b) 4,583 shares owned indirectly, which are owned by a family trust for which one of Mr. Miller's children is a beneficiary and Mr. Miller is the trustee; and (c) 4,743 shares owned indirectly, which are owned by a family trust for which one of Mr. Miller's children is a beneficiary and Mr. Miller is the trustee.
14. Includes: 400 shares owned by a trust for which family members are beneficiaries and for which Mrs. Diaz is a co-trustee and is deemed to have shared voting power and dispositive power.

Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act requires that our directors, executive officers, and 10% or more shareholders file with the SEC and New York Stock Exchange initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of our common stock. These persons are required to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) reports they file with the SEC. To our knowledge, based solely upon (i) our review of the copies of the forms we received during 2025 and (ii) written representations from our directors and executive officers, we believe that all of our directors, officers, and 10% or more shareholders, complied with all Section 16(a) filing requirements during 2025 with the following exceptions: (a) a late report was made on May 20, 2025, on behalf of Ms. Diaz, who became an executive officer on May 6, 2025, with respect to an initial statement of beneficial ownership due to the SEC's delay in approving a Form ID filed on May 8, 2025 and (b) a late report was filed on December 19, 2025, on behalf of Mr. Miller with respect to a sale of shares of common stock on December 12, 2025, to an inadvertent delay by the Company in identifying the sale.



Proposals for Consideration

1	Election of Directors	7
2	Advisory Approval of Our Executive Compensation	19
3	Ratification of Our Independent Auditors for Fiscal Year 2026	20
4	Shareholder Proposal Regarding Political Spending	22

Proposal One

Election of Directors

At the annual meeting, you will be asked to elect a board of eight directors. The nominees for director are:

Glenn A. Carter; Margot L. Carter (no relation to Glenn A. Carter); **Brenda A. Cline; Ronnie D. Hawkins, Jr.; Cecil W. Jones; H. Lynn Moore, Jr.; Daniel M. Pope; and Andrew D. Teed.**

For more information regarding these nominees and their qualifications, see "Director Nominees and Executive Officers."

Majority Voting Standard

Under our bylaws, directors must be elected by a majority of the votes cast in uncontested elections. This means that the number of votes cast "for" a director nominee must exceed the number of votes cast "withhold" applicable to that nominee. Abstentions and broker non-votes are not counted as votes "for" or "withhold" applicable to a director nominee. Any incumbent nominee who does not receive a majority of votes cast "for" their election would be required to tender their resignation promptly following the failure to receive the required vote. Within 90 days of the certification of the shareholder vote, the Nominating and Governance Committee would then be required to make a recommendation to the Board as to whether the Board should accept the resignation, and the Board would be required to decide whether to accept the resignation and to disclose its decision-making process. Cumulative voting for the election of directors is not permitted. In a contested election, the required vote would be a plurality of votes cast.

Criteria for Selecting Director Nominees

Our Corporate Governance Guidelines include the criteria our Board of Directors believes are important in the selection of director nominees, which includes the following qualifications:

- Sound personal and professional integrity
- An inquiring and independent mind
- Practical wisdom and mature judgment
- Broad training and experience at the policy-making level of business, finance and accounting, government, education, or technology
- Expertise that is useful to Tyler and complementary to the background and experience of other Board members, so that an optimal balance of Board members can be achieved and maintained
- Willingness to devote the required time to carrying out the duties and responsibilities of Board membership
- Commitment to serve on the Board for several years to develop knowledge about our business
- Willingness to represent the best interests of all shareholders and objectively appraise management performance
- Involvement only in activities or interests that do not conflict with the director's responsibilities to Tyler or our shareholders

In identifying nominees for director and reflecting on the composition of the Board, the Board of Directors focuses on ensuring that it reflects a mix of experiences and backgrounds that will complement our business and enhance the function of the Board. The Board does not follow any ratio or formula to determine the appropriate mix; rather, it uses its judgment to identify nominees whose backgrounds, attributes, and experiences, taken as a whole, will contribute to the high standards of board service.

Following the 2026 annual meeting, our Board of Directors will be composed of eight individuals, including one employee director. We believe the mix of experience from our outside directors coupled with the specific industry experience of our employee director provides an appropriate range of experiences to effectively manage our business. In addition, each outside director has extensive public sector, chief executive officer, and/or other executive leadership position experience with businesses of varying size in various industries, which may include government service. A substantial majority of our directors have valuable experience in building and sustaining a successful business enterprise.

The Nominating and Governance Committee believes that the above-mentioned attributes and business experience, coupled with the varied backgrounds summarized above, provide us with the perspectives, insights and judgment necessary to guide our Company's strategies, monitor their execution, and perform effective oversight. For additional discussion, please see the section on "Board Diversity," below.

Shareholder-Recommended Director Candidates

Our Nominating and Governance Committee considers director candidates nominated to the Board of Directors by a shareholder entitled to vote for the election of directors at an annual meeting of shareholders. A nominating shareholder must comply with the notice procedures set forth in Article III, Section 4 of the Company's bylaws. The Nominating and Governance Committee may require any proposed nominee to provide additional information reasonably required to determine the eligibility of the proposed nominee to serve as director.

The Company's Corporate Secretary must receive any shareholder nomination not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days prior to the anniversary date of the immediately preceding annual meeting. In the case of an annual meeting which is held more than 30 days before or 70 days after such anniversary date, or if no annual meeting was held in the preceding year, then in order for the notice by the shareholder to be considered timely, it must be received no earlier than 120 days prior to the annual meeting and no later than 90 days before the annual meeting or the close of business on the 10th day following the first public announcement of the annual meeting, whichever is later.

Director Nominee Qualifications

The Board and the Nominating and Governance Committee look for directors who have qualifications that are relevant to Tyler, that support our various strategic initiatives, and that serve the interests of our shareholders. The table below summarizes why the qualifications we have highlighted are of particular importance to Tyler, and how the composition of a Board comprised of our director nominees meets those areas of importance.

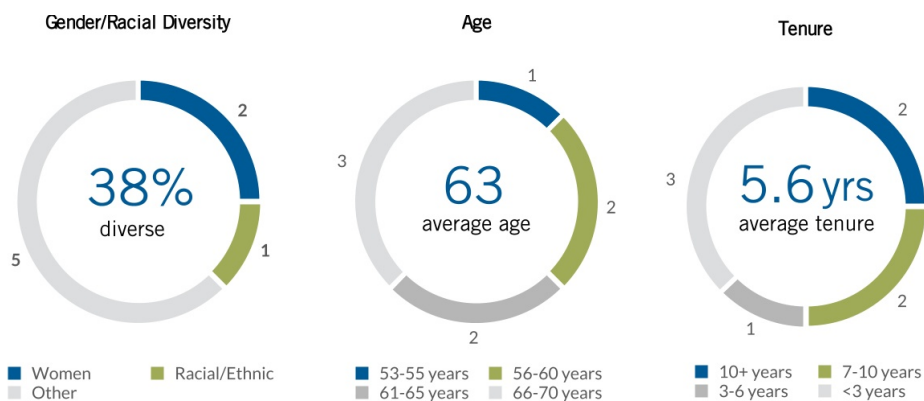
Qualification	Relevance to Tyler	Board Composition
Accounting/Auditing	We operate in a complex financial environment with disclosure requirements, internal controls, and detailed business processes.	4
Business Operations	We have significant business operations focused on business development and sales, implementation, support and maintenance, product development, marketing, and various back-house operations, including cloud hosting services.	8
Capital Management	We allocate capital in various ways to run our operations, grow our core businesses, invest in our products, add to our technology portfolio, and return value to our shareholders.	8
Corporate Governance	We require the effective and transparent corporate oversight, ethics and responsibility expected of a public company.	8
Cybersecurity/Artificial Intelligence	We are committed to providing our products and services in a secure manner, protecting the integrity of the information we service, and embedding within those offerings responsible AI solutions.	7
Financial Literacy	We are routinely involved in or managing complex financial transactions and/or reporting requirements.	8
Industry Experience	We believe that experience in the software industry is relevant to an understanding of our business, strategy and marketplace.	6
Other Public Board(s)	We value the experience that comes with having served on another public board or boards.	3
Public Company Executive	We rely on directors with experience leading a large organization that is publicly traded for the practical insights on issues such as transparency, accountability and integrity.	3
Public Sector Service	We empower the public sector and find deep benefits in counting current or former leaders from local, state and federal government agencies among our directors.	2
Risk Management	We must develop, maintain, and continuously improve policies and procedures that effectively manage compliance and risk.	8

This table corresponds each qualification and experience summarized above with our director nominees.

Name	Accounting/Auditing	Business Operations	Capital Management	Corporate Governance	Cybersecurity/Artificial Intelligence	Financial Literacy	Industry Experience	Other Public Company Board(s)	Public Company Executive	Public Sector Service	Risk Management
Glenn A. Carter											
Margot L. Carter											
Brenda A. Cline											
Ronnie D. Hawkins, Jr.											
Cecil W. Jones											
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.											
Daniel M. Pope											
Andrew D. Teed											

Board Diversity

As reflected above, we value the contributions that a diversity of perspectives brings to high-functioning Board. We consider a range of experiences, skills, viewpoints, and backgrounds to create a healthy and robust exchange of information and considerations. We believe that diversity is a big tent, including but not limited to the diversity of gender, race, age, Board tenure, geography and/or areas of expertise. In addition to the director qualifications discussed, our well-rounded Board includes approximately one-third of director nominees who are diverse in terms of race or gender, and our director nominees range from 54 to 70 years of age and one to 11 years of Board tenure.



The current director nominees reflect the backgrounds, experiences, and skill sets we value, while also refreshing the Board with newer directors who we expect to bring fresh perspectives to the Board. The Board has not taken, and does not expect to take, a metrics-based approach to identifying director nominees. Instead, we are guided by the principles set forth in the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines and Board charters, the Company's values, and our respect for the views of our shareholders.

Because we continue to value a tightly integrated, high-functioning Board, the Nominating and Governance Committee did not recommend increasing the number of directors to more than eight.

Board Tenure

As discussed, we believe that directors with varied tenures contribute to a range of perspectives, ensure knowledge transfer, and refresh the dynamics of the Board. As of the 2026 Annual Meeting, our longest-serving directors, Mr. Carter and Ms. Cline, each have 11 years of service. The shortest service years are held by Mr. Jones, who would be joining the Board as a new director in 2026. Together, the current director nominees reflect an average tenure of 7.09 years of service on the Board.

Director Nominees and Executive Officers

Below is a brief description of our director nominees and named executive officers. Each director holds office until our next annual meeting or until their successor is elected and qualified. Named executive officers are elected annually by the Board of Directors and hold office until the next annual Board meeting or until their successors are elected and qualified.

As disclosed in the Form 8-K that the Company filed on July 23, 2025, on July 18, 2025, John S. Marr notified the Board of his decision to end his Board tenure effective immediately following the Company's 2026 annual meeting of shareholders (the "2026 Annual Meeting"). As a result, Mr. Marr is not standing for re-election. In connection with Mr. Marr's decision, the independent directors of the Board discussed and unanimously agreed that their intent is to nominate H. Lynn Moore, Jr. to assume the role of Board Chair at the 2026 Annual Meeting.



H. Lynn Moore, Jr.

Director, Chief Executive Officer and President

Age: 58

Director since: 2017

Mr. Moore has served as a director since 2017. Mr. Moore also serves as a member of the Executive Committee. Mr. Moore has served as President of Tyler since January 2017 and in May 2018 was also named Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Moore previously served as Executive Vice President from February 2008 through December 2016, General Counsel from September 1998 through December 2016; and Secretary from October 2000 through December 2016. Mr. Moore also served as Vice President from October 2000 until February 2008. From August 1992 to August 1998, Mr. Moore was associated with the law firm of Hughes & Luce, LLP in Dallas, Texas, where he represented numerous publicly held and privately owned entities in various corporate and securities, finance, litigation, and other matters.

KEY ATTRIBUTES, EXPERIENCE AND SKILLS:

- Nearly ten years of Board service
- Over 25 years of relevant corporate and industry experience, including in areas of capital allocation, public sector market trends, and risk management
- Decades of Board and management leadership collaboration with John S. Marr, outgoing Executive Chair



Glenn A. Carter

Director

Age: 70

Director since: 2014

Mr. Carter has served as a director since 2014. In 2025, Mr. Carter also served as Lead Independent Director, Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee, and a member of the Compensation Committee. In 1999, Mr. Carter founded DataProse, Inc., a provider of billing services to the public sector (primarily cities, counties, local governments, utilities, and water-related entities). Mr. Carter served as Chief Executive Officer of DataProse until April 2008, when he sold it to CSG Systems International, Inc. From April 2008 through March 2010, Mr. Carter served as Vice President, Market and Business Development for CSG. Mr. Carter currently serves as the Managing Partner of T2T, LLC, a specialty finance and investment firm, which he originally co-founded in 2015. In this role, he is responsible for investment strategies, portfolio oversight, advisory services, value creation and governance. Mr. Carter is National Association of Corporate Directors (NACD) Directorship Certified™. The NACD Directorship Certification® program equips directors with the foundation of knowledge sought by boards to effectively contribute in the boardroom. NACD Directorship Certified directors pass a foundational exam developed by experienced directors and, via continuing recertification requirements, commit to continuing education on governance and emerging issues impacting the businesses they serve in order to elevate the profession of directorship. Mr. Carter has also received the CERT Certificate in Cybersecurity Oversight from the Software Engineering Institute at Carnegie Mellon University.

KEY ATTRIBUTES, EXPERIENCE AND SKILLS:

- Executive and entrepreneurial experience as founder of DataProse, Inc.
- Over 20 years of specific public sector market experience as CEO of DataProse, Inc.
- NACD Directorship Certified™ and CERT Certificate in Cybersecurity Oversight



Margot L. Carter

Director

Age: 58

Director since: 2024

Other Current Reporting Company

Directorships: Installed Building Products, Inc. and Eagle Materials, Inc.

Ms. Carter (no relation to Glenn A. Carter) has served as a director since 2024. In 2025, Ms. Carter also served as a member of the Nominating and Governance Committee. She currently serves as president of Living Mountain Capital, a business advisory consulting firm she founded in 1998. She advises and invests in companies, including Cien.ai, a cloud-based digital AI sales intelligence business she co-founded in 2016. Ms. Carter currently serves as the lead independent director, governance and nominating committee chair, and member of the audit committee of Installed Building Products, Inc. (NYSE: IBP). She also serves as a member of the compensation committee of Eagle Materials, Inc. (NYSE: EXP), and previously served on their audit committee. From 2017 to 2021, Ms. Carter was on the board of Interior Logic Group Holdings, Inc. (ILG), where she advised on the innovation efforts and M&A strategy through its IPO filing and subsequent sale to Blackstone. From 2016 to October 2022, Ms. Carter served as chair of the risk and compensation committees and as a member of the audit committee for Freeman Company, whose hotel division was also sold to Blackstone during her tenure. From 2010-2015, Ms. Carter was the Executive Vice President, Global Chief Legal Officer and corporate secretary at RealPage, Inc., a leading global software and data analytics company serving the real estate industry. Ms. Carter began her career at the law firm Morgan Lewis, representing banks, private equity and Fortune 500 companies, specializing in finance, governance, securities, IPOs and M&A.

KEY ATTRIBUTES, EXPERIENCE AND SKILLS:

- Domain expertise in cloud/SaaS technology, digital AI, payment solutions and operations
- Deep background in finance, business combinations, and corporate governance
- Experience on public company boards and NACD Directorship Certified



Brenda A. Cline

Director

Age: 65

Director since: 2014

Other Current Reporting Company

Directorships: Range Resources Corporation

Ms. Cline has served as a director since 2014. In 2025, Ms. Cline also served as Chair of the Audit Committee and as a member of the Nominating and Governance Committee. Since 1993, Ms. Cline has served as Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer, and Secretary of the Kimbell Art Foundation, a private foundation that owns and operates the Kimbell Art Museum in Fort Worth, Texas. In such capacities, Ms. Cline has responsibilities relating to its investment portfolio of approximately \$400 million; manages all treasury functions; and oversees all foundation and museum business operations, including budgeting, cash management, employee benefit plans, insurance, debt service and compliance, financial reporting, and contractual and legal matters. Ms. Cline also served as an Independent Trustee of American Beacon Funds from 2004 to 2024, having served as the Chair of the Board of Trustees, the Chair of the Audit and Compliance Committee and as the Co-Chair of the Investment Committee. In 2015, Ms. Cline was elected to the Board of Directors of Range Resources Corporation (NYSE: RRC), and currently serves as Chair of the Audit Committee. From 2017 through 2021, Ms. Cline was on the Board of Directors of Cushing Closed-End Funds (NYSE: SRV, SZC), and Cushing Mutual Fund Trust, and served as Chair of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nominating and Governance Committee. From 1993 until 2013, Ms. Cline served as a contract author for Thomson Reuters (formerly "Practitioners Publishing Company") in Fort Worth, Texas, writing and editing published financial accounting and reporting books. Prior to 1993, Ms. Cline was a senior manager with Ernst & Young. Since 1998, Ms. Cline has also served as a Trustee of Texas Christian University ("TCU") in Fort Worth, Texas. Ms. Cline's service for TCU includes serving as the former chair of the Investment Committee, former chair of the Fiscal Affairs Committee, former member of the Executive, Student Relations and Academic Affairs Committees. Ms. Cline is a certified public accountant.

KEY ATTRIBUTES, EXPERIENCE AND SKILLS:

- Executive operational and investment management experience for the Kimbell Art Foundation
- Outside board experience as a director of Range Resources Corporation, trustee of American Beacon Funds, and former trustee of the Cushing Asset Management Closed-End Funds
- Fiduciary and executive experience as a university trustee and on other senior university committees
- Certified Public Accountant and audit experience with a large public accounting firm



Ronnie D. Hawkins, Jr. Lt. General, USAF (Ret)

Director

Age: 70

Director since: 2021

Mr. Hawkins has served as a director since 2021. In 2025, Mr. Hawkins also served as a member of the Compensation Committee. Mr. Hawkins is currently the president of Angelo State University, part of the Texas Tech University System, in San Angelo, Texas. Mr. Hawkins possesses approximately 40 years of Department of Defense (DoD) experience in cyberspace operations and major computer network architectures. From 2012 through 2015, Mr. Hawkins led the Defense Information Systems Agency, a global Combat Support Agency comprised of 12,000 personnel, serving the President of the United States, the Secretary of Defense, Joint Chiefs of Staff, DoD components, and other mission partners. He served on the President's National Security Telecommunications Advisory Committee and executed modernization of mobile communications in direct support of the President. Mr. Hawkins was a member of the Strategic Advisor Group on nuclear, space, and cyber operations to Commander, U.S. Strategic Command. Mr. Hawkins has operated at the strategic level with civilian and military leaders of several foreign countries, including Israel, Iraq, Afghanistan, the United Kingdom, Korea, Japan, and Australia. From 2015 through 2020, Mr. Hawkins was President and CEO of Hawkins Group, LLC, a certified Service-Disabled Veteran Owned Small Business (SDVOSB) that provided strategic and operational cybersecurity consulting and professional services to clients throughout the United States. Mr. Hawkins has served on the Board of Directors of ITC Holdings Corp., a subsidiary of Fortis Inc. (NYSE: FTS), since 2020. He is also the President of EZRA Vision Ministries and the Dunbar Preservation Library of San Angelo, as well as a voting board member of the San Angelo Area Foundation.

KEY ATTRIBUTES, EXPERIENCE AND SKILLS:

- Leader with over 20 years of successful senior executive experience managing the delivery and operation of information technology and cybersecurity solutions
- Distinguished military veteran and public servant at the federal level
- Experience in higher education administration



Cecil W. Jones

Age: 67

Director Nominee (nominated by non-management director)

Other Current Reporting Company
Directorships: Origin Bancorp, Inc.

Mr. Jones retired from Whitley Penn, a full-service public accounting firm, in December 2024. At that time, he was serving as the partner-in-charge of the firm's Financial Institutions group, a role he held for ten years. Mr. Jones was an audit partner for nearly 35 years, primarily serving financial institutions. He has extensive experience with audits of financial statements, SEC consulting, mergers and acquisitions, and regulatory matters. He is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants. He is a frequent speaker on accounting and auditing matters for financial institutions. He graduated from Missouri Western University with a B.S.B.A in accounting.

KEY ATTRIBUTES, EXPERIENCE AND SKILLS:

- Certified Public Accountant (CPA)
- Member, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) and Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants (TXCPA)
- Over thirty years of experience planning and supervising audits, acquisition reviews, financial statement preparation, and various types of SEC and other regulatory filings
- Outside Board and Audit Committee experience



Daniel M. Pope

Director

Age: 63

Director since: 2016

Mr. Pope has served as a director since 2016. In 2025, Mr. Pope also served as Chair of the Compensation Committee and as a member of the Audit Committee. Mr. Pope is Executive Chair of Victory Bank, which is based in West Texas and delivers financial solutions to businesses at every stage using cutting-edge technology. He previously served as the three-term Mayor of the city of Lubbock, Texas from May 2016 to May 2022. Mr. Pope served as Chief Development Officer of Covenant Health System in Lubbock, Texas from 2014 through 2018. From 1994 through 2014, Mr. Pope served as the Chief Executive Officer of Benchmark Business Solutions, an office technology business he founded. Prior to founding Benchmark, Mr. Pope served in various sales and leadership roles for Xerox Corporation. Mr. Pope also served on the Covenant Health System Board of Trustees from 2007 through 2011, including Chairman of the Board from 2010 through 2011, and as a member of the Finance and Conflicts Committee and the Compensation Committee. Mr. Pope served on the Lubbock Independent School District Board of Directors from 2007 through 2016. Mr. Pope also serves on the Rawls College of Business Advisory Council at Texas Tech University.

KEY ATTRIBUTES, EXPERIENCE AND SKILLS:

- Over 20 years of senior-level executive experience
- Public sector executive experience as Mayor of the city of Lubbock, Texas and as President of the Lubbock Independent School District Board of Directors



Andrew D. Teed

Director

Age: 54

Director since: 2024

Mr. Teed has served as a director since 2024. In 2025, Mr. Teed also served as a member of the Audit Committee. He currently serves as the Chief Executive Officer of ECO Parking Technologies, an integrated lighting and parking guidance company with cloud-based reporting functionality. Mr. Teed has also served on the boards of two early-stage businesses in the Indianapolis area. Prior to serving in these roles, Mr. Teed spent nearly 20 years at Tyler, first as a senior finance manager for one of Tyler's divisions and then in various senior leadership capacities. During his final five years at Tyler, from 2015-2020, he served as President of what was then known as the Enterprise Group at the Company, with responsibility over three Tyler divisions. After his retirement in February 2020, he served in a part-time capacity as a consultant to the Company until August 2021. Mr. Teed began his career at Arthur Andersen, where he worked for six years, and then he served as controller for Optcom Manufacturing in Silicon Valley for two years. Mr. Teed is a certified public accountant (inactive status).

KEY ATTRIBUTES, EXPERIENCE AND SKILLS:

- Specific understanding of and leadership in public sector market and cloud technologies
- Entrepreneurial vision with strong operational mentality
- Current member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Certified Public Accountant (inactive)



Brian K. Miller

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Age: 67

Executive Officer since: 1997

Mr. Miller has been Executive Vice President – Chief Financial Officer of Tyler since February 2008. From May 2005 until February 2008, Mr. Miller served as Senior Vice President – Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer. He previously served as Vice President – Finance and Treasurer from May 1999 through April 2005 and was Vice President – Chief Accounting Officer and Treasurer from December 1997 through April 1999. From June 1986 through December 1997, Mr. Miller held various senior financial management positions at Metro Airlines, Inc. ("Metro"), a publicly held regional airline holding company operating as American Eagle. Mr. Miller was Chief Financial Officer of Metro from 1991 through 1997 and also held the office of President of Metro from 1993 through 1997. From 1980 through 1986, Mr. Miller held various audit positions with the firm now known as Ernst & Young. Mr. Miller also served on the Board of Trustees of the Texas A&M University 12th Man Foundation, a nonprofit organization, from 2021 through 2025. Mr. Miller is a certified public accountant.

KEY ATTRIBUTES, EXPERIENCE AND SKILLS:

- Almost 40 years of public company senior financial management experience
- Audit experience with a large public accounting firm
- Certified Public Accountant



Jeffrey D. Puckett

Chief Operating Officer

Age: 59

Executive Officer since: 2021

Mr. Puckett has served as Chief Operating Officer since February 2021. In that capacity, Mr. Puckett oversees the Company's cloud initiatives as well as its corporate technology, IT, and information security teams. He has played a pivotal role in deepening Tyler's partnership with Amazon Web Services, setting Tyler's 2030 vision, and delivering on "One Tyler" initiatives. From 2019 until February 2021, Mr. Puckett served as Chief Strategy Officer, where he led cross-disciplinary efforts and evaluations of acquisition opportunities. He previously served as President of the Company's Courts & Justice division, and he served in multiple roles in that division since 1992, including senior roles in implementation, development and sales. Before joining Tyler, Mr. Puckett worked in public safety for the public sector.

KEY ATTRIBUTES, EXPERIENCE AND SKILLS:

- More than 30 years of direct industry experience
- Executive responsibility for the Company's transformative technologies and related disciplines
- Various senior management roles in multiple disciplines



Abigail M. Diaz

Chief Administrative Officer and Corporate Secretary

Age: 46

Executive Officer since: 2025

Ms. Diaz was named chief administrative officer in January 2025 after having served eight years as Tyler's chief legal officer. In her expanded role, Ms. Diaz continues to oversee Tyler's legal team, and now also has responsibility for internal audit, data privacy, procurement, corporate communications, and corporate responsibility. Ms. Diaz also serves as Corporate Secretary, a role she has held since 2017. Prior to her time as chief legal officer, Ms. Diaz served as Tyler's associate general counsel and then as vice president, where she oversaw all contract negotiations and legal matters while consulting with Tyler's executive team on a variety of compliance, governance, and strategic decisions. Prior to joining Tyler, Ms. Diaz practiced law with Kirkland & Ellis LLP in its New York City and Washington, D.C. offices. She served as a law clerk for the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit. She graduated from Cornell Law School and received her undergraduate degree from Georgetown University.

KEY ATTRIBUTES, EXPERIENCE AND SKILLS:

- Over 14 years of relevant industry experience.
- Executive oversight of legal, procurement, compliance, and reputation management/corporate communications functions
- Previously served as company's Chief Legal Officer
- Has served as Corporate Secretary since 2017

VOTE

Our Board of Directors unanimously recommends that the shareholders vote **FOR** each of the nominees for director.

Proposal Two

Advisory Approval of Our Executive Compensation

At the 2023 annual meeting, our shareholders voted, on an advisory basis, in favor of holding future shareholder voting on executive compensation on an annual basis. Our Board of Directors decided to follow our shareholders' recommendation.

As described in detail in these proxy materials, our executive compensation program is designed to attract, retain and motivate our named executive officers. The design and administration of our executive compensation program balances responsible assessment of risk and compensation expense with a pay-for-performance design under which 81% of our CEO's 2025 target compensation and 79% of our remaining Named Executive Officers' 2025 target compensation was dependent on the achievement of annual and long-term objectives that increase shareholder value.

The following proposal gives our shareholders the opportunity to vote to approve or not approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of our Named Executive Officers identified in this Proxy Statement. This vote is not intended to address any specific item of compensation, but rather the overall compensation of our Named Executive Officers and our compensation philosophy, policies, and practices, as disclosed under the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" and "Executive Compensation" sections of this Proxy Statement. We are providing this vote as required by Section 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Accordingly, for the reasons discussed in the "Compensation Discussion & Analysis" section of this Proxy Statement, we are asking our shareholders to vote "FOR" the adoption of the following resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the shareholders of Tyler Technologies, Inc. approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of the Company's Named Executive Officers as disclosed in the Proxy Statement for the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareholders."

The affirmative vote of a majority of the shares present or represented by proxy and voting at the annual meeting is required to approve the advisory resolution on our executive compensation.

Because your vote is advisory, it will not be binding on either the Board of Directors or Tyler. However, our Compensation Committee, which is composed solely of independent directors, will take into account the outcome of the shareholder vote on this proposal when considering future executive compensation arrangements. In addition, your non-binding advisory vote described in this Proposal Two will not be construed (1) as overruling any decision by the Board of Directors, any Board committee, or Tyler relating to the compensation of the Named Executive Officers or (2) as creating or changing any fiduciary duties or other duties on the part of the Board of Directors, any Board committee, or Tyler.

VOTE

Our Board of Directors unanimously recommends that the shareholders vote **FOR the advisory approval of our executive compensation.**

Proposal Three

Ratification of Our Independent Auditors for Fiscal Year 2026

The Audit Committee is responsible for selecting and retaining independent auditors. The Audit Committee has selected Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as our independent auditors for fiscal year 2026, subject to ratification by the shareholders. The affirmative vote of a majority of the shares present or represented by proxy and voting at the annual meeting is required to ratify Ernst & Young LLP as our independent auditors for fiscal year 2026.

A representative of Ernst & Young LLP is expected to be present at the annual meeting. That representative will have an opportunity to make a statement, if desired, and will be available to respond to appropriate questions.

Audit and Non-Audit Fees

Ernst & Young LLP served as our independent auditors for fiscal years 2025 and 2024. Ernst & Young LLP's fees for all professional services during each of the last two fiscal years were as follows:

	2025 (\$)	2024 (\$)
Audit Fees	4,565,500	4,100,300
Audit-Related Fees	717,000	742,000
All Other Fees	—	350,000
Tax Fees	278,000	364,475
Total	5,560,500	5,556,775

Audit Fees. Fees for audit services include fees associated with the annual audit, the review of our interim financial statements, and the auditor's opinions related to internal control over financial reporting required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

Audit-Related Fees. Fees for audit-related services generally include fees for accounting consultations and Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") filings.

All Other Fees. Other fees included accounting consultations related to refinancing our revolving credit facility.

Tax Fees. Fees for tax services include fees for tax consulting and tax compliance.

The Audit Committee approved all of the independent auditor engagements and fees presented above. Our Audit Committee Charter requires that the Audit Committee pre-approve all audit and non-audit services provided to us by our independent auditors. All such services performed in 2025 were pre-approved by the Audit Committee. For more information on these policies and procedures, see “Board of Directors and Corporate Governance Principles—Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures for Audit and Non-Audit Services.”

VOTE

Our Board of Directors unanimously recommends that the shareholders vote **FOR the ratification of Ernst & Young LLP as our independent auditors for fiscal year 2026.**



Proposal Four

Shareholder Proposal Regarding Political Spending

Mr. John Chevedden, whose address and share ownership are available upon request as described at the “Communications with Our Board of Directors” section of this Proxy, has notified the Company of his intention to offer the proposal set forth below for consideration at the Annual Meeting. The proposal and supporting statement are presented as received from the proponent in accordance with SEC rules, and the Company disclaims any responsibility for its content.



Avoid Brand Damage due to Corporate Political Spending

Shareholders request that Tyler Technologies provide a report, updated annually, disclosing the Company's:

1. Policies and procedures for making, with corporate funds or assets, contributions and expenditures (direct or indirect) to (a) participate or intervene in any campaign on behalf of (or in opposition to) any candidate for public office, or (b) influence the general public, or any segment thereof, with respect to an election or referendum.
2. Monetary and non-monetary contributions and expenditures (direct and indirect) used in the manner described in section 1 above, including the identity of the recipient as well as the amount paid to each.

The report shall be presented to the board of directors and posted on the Company's website. This proposal does not encompass lobbying spending.

Supporting Statement

Long-term Tyler Technologies shareholders support transparency and accountability in corporate electoral spending. This includes any activity considered intervention in a political campaign under the Internal Revenue Code, such as direct and indirect contributions to political candidates, parties, or organizations, and independent expenditures or electioneering communications on behalf of federal, state, or local candidates.

A company's reputation, value, and bottom line can be adversely impacted by political spending. The risk is especially serious when giving to trade associations, Super PACs, 527 committees, and “social welfare” organizations - groups that routinely pass money to or spend on behalf of candidates and political causes that a company might not otherwise wish to support.

A recent poll of retail shareholders by Mason Dixon Polling & Research found that 83% of respondents said they would have more confidence investing in corporations that have adopted reforms that provide for transparency and accountability in political spending.

Tyler scored a dismal 15% out of a possible 100% in the 2025 CPA-Zicklin Index of Corporate Political Disclosure and Accountability <<https://politicalaccountability.net/wp-content/uploads/2025/11/2025-CPA-Zicklin-Index.pdf>>

This proposal asks Tyler Technologies to disclose all of its electoral spending, including payments to Trade Associations and 501(c)(4) social welfare organizations, which may be used for electoral purposes - and are otherwise undisclosed. This would bring our Company in line with a growing number of leading companies, including Alphabet, Meta Platforms and Workday Inc., which present this information on their websites.

Without knowing the recipients of our company's political dollars Tyler directors and shareholders cannot sufficiently assess whether our company's election-related spending aligns or conflicts with its policies on climate change and sustainability, or other areas of concern.

Please vote for this timely governance reform:
Avoid Brand Damage due to Corporate Political Spending - Proposal 4

The Board's Response to the Shareholder Proposal

Proposal 4 mirrors, almost entirely, a proposal Mr. Chevedden submitted in 2025. That proposal was included for shareholder consideration in the Company's 2025 proxy, and approximately 74% of the votes were **against** it. After due consideration, the Board has determined that this proposal is still not in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. **Accordingly, the Board again unanimously recommends a vote AGAINST this proposal for the following reasons.**

Tyler's Policy Against Political Contributions is Already Publicly Available

Tyler's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the "Code"), which is publicly available on our website, includes a provision titled "Political Activities and Contributions." That provision unequivocally states that:

Tyler will not make any political contribution to or for any political party, committee, or candidate for any public office. Any employee requested by another employee to contribute Tyler funds for a political purpose to a political party, committee, or candidate for public office should decline to do so and promptly notify their human resources representative or Tyler's chief human resources officer of the details of any such request.

In addition, the Code strictly limits any payments to government personnel to service engagements approved by the Company's chief human resource officer and the chief legal officer, and requires that those engagements be consistent with applicable law and avoid a conflict of interest. All other payments to government personnel are "strictly prohibited," whether made with personal funds or Tyler funds and whether made directly or indirectly. The Code is incorporated into the Company's employee handbook, which team members review during the onboarding process and acknowledge on an annual basis thereafter.

Among other political activity to which the Company does not contribute, the Company does not operate or contribute to "Super PACs [or] 527 committees."

Given the clear language of the Code, the fact that this Code is publicly available on our website (and referenced in other public resources and filings, such as our corporate responsibility report and our annual proxy statement), and has been the longstanding posture of the Company on this issue, requiring any further disclosure would be irrelevant, redundant, and/or of no additional value to the Company, its Board of Directors, or shareholders. In short, the Company already discloses that its policy and procedure is to disallow "making, with corporate funds or assets, contributions and expenditures (direct or indirect) to (a) participate or intervene in any campaign on behalf of (or in opposition to) any candidate for public office, or (b) influence the general public, or any segment thereof, with respect to an election or referendum."

Proposal Four is Unreasonably Broad and Burdensome

The proposed annual disclosure under this proposal could arguably apply to expenditures not directly related to participation or intervention in a political campaign or influencing the general public with respect to an election or referendum. The supporting statement reflects an expectation that any disclosures would extend to, "all of its electoral spending, including payments to Trade Associations and 501(c)(4) social welfare organizations, which may be used for electoral purposes - and are otherwise undisclosed." Extending the expected disclosures to these types of payments is unreasonably broad and burdensome. Moreover, there are more narrowly tailored alternatives the Company is pursuing to memorialize the immaterial dues it may pay for membership in trade or industry associations, such as the appendix to its annual corporate responsibility report (another artifact that already exists and is also made publicly available on the Company's website).

To the extent the Company may participate in trade or industry associations, including through the payment of annual dues, the Company does not participate in such associations for their political activity, nor do we control their political activity in any way. At times, these associations may take their own political positions, and the Company may disagree with those positions. Any participation with trade or industry associations is focused on their expertise and insights on issues important to the markets in which we operate. While the Company may not support each of the initiatives of every association in which we may participate or align with every position of every association to which we may belong, the Company may identify unique insights, opportunities, and thought-partnership from participating in the discussions that these organizations have on industry-relevant topics.

The Company's charitable giving is primarily managed through the Tyler Foundation and focuses on tax-exempt organizations organized under Section 501(c)(3). Information about the Tyler Foundation is available on the Company's website and in our corporate responsibility report. If the Foundation's Board (comprised of senior executives at the Company) has approved a donation to a charitable organization, that organization may, as part of its independent operations, undertake downstream political activity which neither the Company nor the Tyler Foundation control, and with which the Company and/or the Tyler Foundation may not agree. And, under the Internal Revenue Code, tax-exempt organizations that engage in political activities are already required to be disclosed by the organization.

As such, additional burdensome disclosure regarding specific payments made to these associations and/or charitable organizations would not provide any meaningful additional information to shareholders. To the contrary, requiring the Company to disclose these types of payments is potentially misleading because those payments are not necessarily indicative of the Company's position on any particular issue, politically or otherwise. Further, the disclosure of such information could be used by special interest groups to pressure the Company to oppose actions taken by these organizations or to stop supporting positions or initiatives that are in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders, employees and clients. Alternatively, competitors may use these disclosures to identify and attempt to mimic the Company's strategic priorities.

The vagueness and potential overreach of the proposal would, if adopted, create significant compliance uncertainty, as well as significant administrative costs and burdens. It is unrealistic to expect that we will track, monitor, and report on, much less agree with, every single policy position taken by every organization to which we contribute, especially where those "contributions" are immaterial to our business. We believe that our resources would be better utilized in focusing on generating value for our shareholders through the operation of our business.

2025 Comparisons Reinforce Tyler's Existing Transparency and Effectiveness

In 2025, Mr. Chevedden introduced similar shareholder proposals at numerous other companies, and five of them received majority support at rates roughly double the support demonstrated in 2025 for the same proposal at Tyler. The low volume of support in 2025 at Tyler is also well below the threshold of 40% that companies tend to use in assessing whether additional disclosures should be considered - a threshold noted by the president of the Center for Political Activity, the organization Mr. Chevedden cites in his proposal. The Board of Directors believes that these direct comparisons demonstrate that shareholders recognize that additional disclosures would not add material value to our investors given the nature of our existing policies, reporting vehicles, and practices, and would instead be a distraction of resources.

Conclusion

Given the transparency and effectiveness of the existing Code and related public postings, as well as the potential competitive and operational harm from additional disclosure, the Board of Directors believes that spending further corporate funds to prepare the report requested by the proposal would not be a productive use of the Company's time and resources and would be without a corresponding benefit to its shareholders.

VOTE

Our Board of Directors unanimously recommends that the shareholders vote **AGAINST this proposal.**

Operations of the Board and its Committees

General Information

Our Board of Directors is responsible for supervision of the Company's overall affairs. To assist it in carrying out its duties, the Board has delegated certain authority to several committees. See "Board Committees." Following the 2026 annual meeting, if each of the nominees for director is elected at the annual meeting, the Board will consist of eight directors, including one employee director and seven independent directors, as defined by Rule 303A.02 of the New York Stock Exchange Listed Company Manual ("NYSE Rule 303A.02").

Board Leadership Structure

Our Board and the Nominating and Governance Committee review and evaluate the Board's leadership structure on at least an annual basis. Tyler's governing documents allow the role of Board Chair to be assumed by a member of Company management, such as the Chief Executive Officer. This approach allows the Board flexibility to determine whether the two roles should be separate or combined based upon the Company's needs and the Board's assessment of the Company's leadership from time to time.

The Board believes that having Mr. Moore serve as Executive Chair of the Board and as Chief Executive Officer is in the current best interests of Tyler and its shareholders. This is the first year that Mr. Marr will not have a role at Tyler or with the Board, and Mr. Moore's deep history and long working relationship with Mr. Marr supports a strong, stable transition. Mr. Moore is nearly a decade into his executive leadership of the Company, and he has solidified a senior management team that assists him with the day-to-day leadership of Tyler's strategy and operations, including both a Chief Operating Officer and a Chief Administrative Officer and senior, experienced leaders across the Company's business units. Those senior executives allow Mr. Moore to have the necessary time to balance Board leadership as necessary.

The Board's eight directors allow for a high-functioning, highly collaborative oversight unit with whom Mr. Moore has an established, reliable history of communication and feedback exchanges. This year, seven of those directors are deemed independent, and each standing committee chair is independent. Three of our director nominees also have outside public company board experience.

This complement of resources allows Mr. Moore to concentrate on leading the Company's strategic initiatives, risk management, and operational goals, incorporating the information he provides to and receives from the Board, and which he can relay to management.

In addition, Mr. Moore is not considered an independent director, at least because he remains under an employment agreement with Tyler the current term of which is expected to renew in May 2026 and expire in May 2027. Accordingly, consistent with our Corporate Governance Guidelines and our Lead Independent Director Charter, the Board appointed Glenn A. Carter as Lead Independent Director for the 2025-2026 term and expects to reappoint him for the 2026-2027 term. In that capacity, Mr. Carter's responsibilities are consistent with the responsibilities generally held by "lead directors" at public companies, including:

- Presiding at all meetings of the Board at which the Executive Chair of the Board is not present, as well as executive sessions of the independent directors
- Serving as liaison between the Executive Chair and the independent directors

- Having the authority to call meetings of the independent directors and preparing the agenda for such meetings
- Coordinating the activities of the independent directors when acting as a group
- Approving meeting schedules to ensure there is sufficient time for discussion of all agenda items
- Advising the Executive Chair and Chief Executive Officer as to the quality, quantity, and timeliness of the flow of information from management, including the materials provided to directors at Board meetings

The Board's Role in Risk Oversight

Senior management is responsible for assessing and managing Tyler's various exposures to risk on a day-to-day basis, including the creation of appropriate risk management policies and programs. The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing management in the execution of its responsibilities and for assessing Tyler's overall approach to risk management.

An overall review of risk is inherent in the Board's consideration of the Company's long-term strategies, operations, and other matters presented to the Board, including capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestitures, other financial matters, information security, and performance against Tyler's long-term goals. The Board of Directors exercises these responsibilities periodically as part of its meetings, which occur at least once per quarter, and also through its committees, each of which examines various components of enterprise risk, such as the examples provided below:

The Audit Committee oversees management of financial risks, information security risks, and Tyler's overall policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management. As part of those responsibilities, the Audit Committee oversees information security/artificial intelligence risks and an enterprise risk assessment that the Company's internal audit team conducts and reports on to the Audit Committee. The Compensation Committee is responsible for overseeing the management of risks relating to Tyler's executive compensation plans and arrangements, as well as its human capital management strategies. The Nominating and Governance Committee manages risks associated with Board independence and potential conflicts of interest, director succession and refreshment planning, and the Company's corporate governance and corporate responsibility work.

Board and Committee Independence

Our Board of Directors has determined, after considering all relevant facts and circumstances, that each of the non-employee directors (Mr. Carter, Ms. Carter, Ms. Cline, Mr. Hawkins, Mr. Jones, Mr. Pope, and Mr. Teed): (1) has no material relationship with us (either directly or as a partner, shareholder, or officer of an organization that has a relationship with us), and (2) is "independent" within the meaning of the New York Stock Exchange director independence standards currently in effect.

If each of the nominees for director is elected at the annual meeting, our Board of Directors will be comprised of a majority of "independent" directors as required by the New York Stock Exchange. Furthermore, our Board of Directors has determined that each of the independent directors may serve as members of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and/or Nominating and Governance Committee, having no material relationship with Tyler (either directly or as a partner, shareholder, or officer of an organization that has a relationship with Tyler).

Meetings of the Board of Directors and Committees

During 2025, our Board of Directors held five meetings. Each then-current Board member participated in at least 75% of all Board and committee meetings held during the portion of the 2025-2026 term that they served as a director and/or committee member.

Directors are not required to attend our annual meetings of shareholders. However, our Board of Directors typically holds a meeting immediately following the annual meeting of shareholders. Tyler understands that all director nominees intend to attend our 2026 annual meeting. All directors serving on the Board at the time attended the 2025 annual meeting.

Our Corporate Governance Guidelines provide that independent directors will meet in executive session without the Chief Executive Officer or other management present at least twice annually, and otherwise as necessary and appropriate. Consistent with our Lead Independent Director Charter, available at our website, www.tylertech.com, Mr. Carter presides at executive sessions held in accordance with our Corporate Governance Guidelines.

Annual Self-Evaluations

The Board of Directors and each of its committees conduct annual self-evaluations to assess the qualifications, attributes, skills and experience represented on the Board, and to determine whether the Board and its committees are functioning properly.

Board Committees

Our Board of Directors has the following four standing committees: Audit Committee; Compensation Committee; Nominating and Governance Committee; and Executive Committee. Each committee (other than the Executive Committee) has a written charter. Those charters may be found at our website, www.tylertech.com.

The table below provides the 2025 membership and 2025 meeting information for each of the committees:

Name	Audit	Compensation	Nominating and Governance	Executive
Glenn A. Carter			Chair	
Margot L. Carter				
Brenda A Cline	Chair			
Ronnie D. Hawkins, Jr.				
John S. Marr, Jr.				Chair
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.				
Andrew D. Teed				
Daniel M. Pope		Chair		
Total Meetings in 2025	Five	Four	Four	Periodically

Below is a description of each committee, as it was constituted in 2025, and certain procedures or standards relating to their operations. The Audit Committee charter requires that it be comprised of at least three directors, each independent. The Compensation Committee and Nominating and Governance Committee charters each require that the respective committee be comprised of at least two directors, each independent. Each of those committees has the authority to engage legal counsel or other advisors or consultants as it deems appropriate to carry out its responsibilities.

Audit Committee

Members: Brenda A Cline (Chair); Daniel M. Pope; and Andrew D. Teed

The Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in its oversight of the quality and integrity of our accounting, auditing, and reporting practices; compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; management of information security compliance and risk (including risk relating to artificial intelligence); and enterprise risk assessments. The Audit Committee's role includes, but is not limited to:

- Considering the independence of our independent auditors before we engage them
- Reviewing with the independent auditors the fee, scope, and timing of the audit
- Reviewing the completed audit with the independent auditors regarding any significant accounting adjustments, recommendations for improving internal controls, appropriateness of accounting policies, appropriateness of accounting and disclosure decisions with respect to significant unusual transactions or material obligations, and significant findings during the audit
- Performing periodic formal committee self-evaluations
- Reviewing our financial statements and related regulatory filings with management and the independent auditors
- Meeting periodically with management and internal audit to discuss internal accounting and financial controls

The Audit Committee is responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention, and oversight of the independent auditor engaged to prepare or issue audit reports on our financial statements and internal control over financial reporting. The Audit Committee relies on the expertise and knowledge of management, internal audit, and the independent auditor in carrying out its oversight responsibilities.

The Board of Directors has determined that each 2025 Audit Committee member was a non-executive director who satisfied the New York Stock Exchange director independence standards and had sufficient knowledge in financial and auditing matters to serve on the Audit Committee. The Board of Directors expects to make that same determination for the proposed 2026 Audit Committee members.

Audit Committee Financial Expert. The Audit Committee charter requires, among other things, that the committee include at least one director who will qualify as an "audit committee financial expert" as set forth in Item 401(h) of the SEC's Regulation S-K. Our Board of Directors determined that Ms. Cline, 2025 Chair of the Audit Committee, possessed the attributes necessary to qualify as an "audit committee financial expert" as set forth in Item 401(h) of the SEC's Regulation S-K. The Board expects to propose that Ms. Cline continue as Chair of the Audit Committee in 2026, and she continues to possess these same attributes.

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures for Audit and Non-Audit Services The Audit Committee Charter requires that the Audit Committee pre-approve all of the audit and non-audit services performed by Tyler's independent auditors. The purpose of these pre-approval procedures is to ensure that the provision of services by Tyler's independent auditors does not impair their independence. Each year, the Audit Committee receives fee estimates from Tyler's independent auditors for each category of services to be performed by the independent auditors during the upcoming fiscal reporting year. These categories of services include Audit Services, Audit-Related Services, Tax Services, and All Other Services. Upon review of the types of services to be performed and the estimated fees related thereto, the Audit Committee will determine which services and fees should be pre-approved for a period of twelve months. The Audit Committee may periodically review the list of pre-approved services based on subsequent determinations. Unless a type of service to be provided by the independent auditor has received general pre-approval, it will require specific pre-approval by the Audit Committee (or a delegated member of the Audit Committee) prior to the performance of such service. Any proposed services exceeding the pre-approved cost levels will also require specific pre-approval by the Audit Committee (or a delegated member of the Audit Committee).

Compensation Committee

Members: Daniel M. Pope (Chair); Glenn A. Carter; and Ronnie D. Hawkins, Jr.

The Compensation Committee has responsibility for defining and articulating our overall compensation philosophy and administering and approving all elements of compensation for elected corporate officers, including annual salary, annual incentive compensation, and long-term incentive compensation. The Compensation Committee also ensures that the Board understands how the Company's human capital management strategies support the Company's mission, vision and values.

The Compensation Committee reports to shareholders as required by the SEC. See "Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Compensation Committee Report." Members of the 2025 Compensation Committee were non-executive directors who were affirmatively determined by the Board of Directors to satisfy the New York Stock Exchange director independence standards. The Board of Directors expects to make that same determination for the proposed 2026 Compensation Committee members. For more information about the work of the Compensation Committee, see "Compensation Discussion and Analysis."

Nominating and Governance Committee

Members: Glenn A. Carter (Chair); Margot L. Carter; and Brenda A Cline

The Nominating and Governance Committee's duties include, but are not limited to:

- Identifying and recommending candidates for election to our Board of Directors
- Identifying and recommending candidates to fill vacancies occurring between annual shareholder meetings
- Reviewing the composition of Board committees
- Periodically reviewing the appropriate skills and characteristics required of Board members in the context of the current make-up of our Board of Directors
- Monitoring, managing, and advising the Board on corporate governance best practices

The Nominating and Governance Committee also has oversight responsibility for our corporate responsibility initiatives and the Corporate Responsibility report we publish annually. Members of the 2025 Nominating and Governance Committee were non-executive directors who were affirmatively determined by the Board of Directors to satisfy the New York Stock Exchange director independence standards. The Board of Directors expects to make that same determination for the proposed 2026 Nominating and Governance Committee members.

Director Nominating Process. The Nominating and Governance Committee is responsible for reviewing and interviewing qualified candidates to serve on our Board of Directors and to select both "independent" and management nominees for director to be elected by Tyler's shareholders at each annual meeting. Our Corporate Governance Guidelines include the criteria our Board of Directors believes are important in the selection of director nominees. For more information about director nominee criteria and qualifications, see "Proposals for Consideration—Director Nominee Qualifications" and "Proposals for Consideration—Board Diversity."

The Nominating and Governance Committee may, in the exercise of its discretion, actively solicit nominee candidates, including through the retention of a professional search firm to assist in identifying appropriate nominee candidates. The Nominating and Governance Committee will also consider nominee recommendations from other directors and/or nomination recommendations from shareholders. Please see "Shareholder-Recommended Director Candidates" and "Shareholder Proposals" for more information.

Executive Committee

Members: John S. Marr, Jr. (Chair) and H. Lynn Moore, Jr.

The Executive Committee has the authority to act for the entire Board of Directors, but may not commit to an expenditure in excess of \$25,000,000 without full Board approval.

Non-Employee Director Compensation

Components of Non-Employee Director Compensation In 2022, the Board approved the following compensation components for non-employee directors:

- An annual cash retainer of \$85,000 for the Lead Independent Director and \$60,000 for each of the other non-employee directors
- An annual cash retainer of \$30,000 for the chair of the Audit Committee and \$15,000 for each non-chair member of the Audit Committee
- An annual cash retainer of \$25,000 for the chair of the Compensation Committee and \$12,500 for each non-chair member of the Compensation Committee
- An annual cash retainer of \$20,000 for the chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee and \$10,000 for each non-chair member of the Nominating and Governance Committee
- Reimbursement for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with travel to and from, and attendance at, meetings of the Board of Directors or its committees and related activities

All annual fees are paid on a quarterly basis.

Each non-employee director also receives an annual equity grant of restricted stock units valued at \$250,000, subject to a one-year vesting period.

Non-employee directors are subject to the Company's Stock Ownership Guidelines, which were updated in May 2022. Each non-employee director is required to own or hold Company stock at a market value equal to five times the applicable annual cash retainer. There is a three-year compliance window under the Guidelines. All of our non-employee directors currently meet the stock ownership guidelines or are making acceptable progress to that threshold.

2025 Director Compensation. The following table sets forth a summary of the compensation paid to our non-employee directors in 2025:

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Stock Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Total (\$) ⁽²⁾
Glenn A. Carter	117,500	249,807	367,307
Margot L. Carter	70,000	249,807	319,807
Brenda A. Cline	100,000	249,807	349,807
Ronnie D. Hawkins	72,500	249,807	322,307
Andrew D. Teed	71,250	249,807	321,057
Daniel M. Pope	100,000	249,807	349,807

- On May 6, 2025, we granted each of our non-employee directors 452 restricted stock units with a grant date fair value of \$249,807, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. These restricted stock units vest and will be settled in shares on the first anniversary of the grant date. No options to purchase shares of our common stock were granted to our non-employee directors in 2025.
- The following table shows the aggregate shares underlying outstanding common stock options and restricted stock units, based upon grants made as director compensation, held by non-employee directors as of December 31, 2025.

Name	Number of Stock Options (#)	Number of Stock Awards (#)
Glenn A. Carter	8,750	452
Margot L. Carter	—	452
Brenda A. Cline	—	452
Ronnie D. Hawkins	—	452
Andrew D. Teed	—	452
Daniel M. Pope	—	452

Director & Officer Liability Insurance

Directors are covered under our director and officer liability insurance for claims alleged in connection with their service as directors. We have entered into indemnification agreements with all of our directors, agreeing to indemnify them to the fullest extent permitted by law for claims alleged in connection with their service on the Board.

Communications with Our Board of Directors

Any shareholder or interested party who wishes to communicate with our Board of Directors or any specific director(s), including non-management director(s), may write to:

Board of Directors
Tyler Technologies, Inc.
5101 Tennyson Parkway
Plano, Texas 75024

Depending on the subject matter, management will:

- Forward the communication to the director or directors to whom it is addressed (for example, if the communication received relates to our “whistleblower policy” found on our website, www.tylertech.com, including questions, concerns, or complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, and auditing matters, it will be forwarded by management to the Chair of the Audit Committee for review);
- Attempt to handle the inquiry directly (for example, if the communication is a request for information about us or our operations or it is a stock-related matter that does not appear to require direct attention by our Board of Directors); and/or
- Not forward the communication if it is primarily commercial in nature or if it relates to an improper or irrelevant topic.

At each meeting of our Board of Directors, our Executive Chair will present a summary of all communications received since the last meeting of the Board of Directors that were not forwarded and will make those communications available to any director on request.

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Our directors and executive officers seek approval from the Board of Directors prior to entering into a business arrangement that may be deemed a conflict of interest as described in our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. Examples of transactions that may be considered a conflict of interest include:

- to receive from or give to anyone that has a business relationship with us something with more than a token value;
- to lend to or borrow from individuals or concerns that do business with or compete with us, except banks and other financial institutions;
- to serve as an officer, director, employee, or consultant of, or receive income from, any enterprise doing business with or competing with us;
- to own an interest in or engage in the management of an organization providing services or products to us, or to which we sell or compete, except when such interest (a) comprises publicly traded securities listed on a national securities exchange or the OTC margin list and (b) is not in excess of 5% of the securities of such company; and
- to knowingly cause, either directly or indirectly, us to enter into a business transaction with a close relative of the director or executive officer or a business enterprise of such relative.

In addition, on an annual basis we review our financial records to ensure all related-party transactions are identified, quantified, and adequately disclosed. Also, each director and executive officer must disclose in writing any known related-party transactions during the completion of the annual director and officer questionnaire.

Throughout 2025, we employed Jennifer M. LeBlanc, a daughter of 2025-2026 Executive Chair John S. Marr, Jr. Ms. LeBlanc served as a Group Vice President of Financial Planning and Analysis and received in excess of \$120,000 in salary and bonus compensation in 2025 in exchange for services rendered. Ms. LeBlanc was also granted restricted stock units with respect to 456 shares of our common stock, which vest over three years. In addition, Ms. LeBlanc received other employee benefits on the same basis as similarly situated employees. Ms. LeBlanc's total compensation is consistent with that of similarly situated employees, and her compensation terms are established directly with her, independent of any relationship she has with Mr. Marr.

Report of the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling its responsibilities for general oversight of the integrity of our financial statements, our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements (including but not limited to information security compliance), the independent auditor's qualifications and independence, the performance of our independent auditors, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and of our internal controls over financial reporting, risk assessment and risk management. The Audit Committee manages the relationship with our independent auditors, who report directly to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has the authority to: (i) obtain advice and assistance from outside legal, accounting, or other advisors as the Audit Committee deems necessary to carry out its duties, and (ii) receive appropriate funding from us for such advice and assistance, as determined by the Audit Committee.

Management has the primary responsibility for our reporting process, including our systems of internal controls and for preparing our financial statements. In fulfilling its oversight responsibilities, the Audit Committee reviewed with management the audited financial statements contained in the Annual Report, including a detailed discussion of the quality, not just the acceptability, of the accounting principles, the reasonableness of the significant judgments, and the clarity of disclosures in the financial statements.

The Audit Committee meets with the independent auditors, with and without management present, to discuss the overall scope and plans for the audits and the results of their examinations. The Audit Committee reviewed with the independent auditors, who are responsible for expressing an opinion on the conformity of those audited financial statements with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, their judgments as to the quality, not just the acceptability, of the accounting principles and such other matters as are required to be discussed under applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB") and the SEC. The Audit Committee also reviewed management's report on internal control over financial reporting and the independent registered public accounting firm's related opinions. In addition, the Audit Committee received from the independent auditors written disclosures regarding the auditors' independence required by PCAOB Ethics and Independence Rule 3526, Communications with Audit Committees Concerning Independence, and has discussed with the independent auditors, the independent auditors' independence. The Audit Committee met five times during 2025.

In reliance on the reviews and discussions referred to above, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board of Directors (and the Board approved) that the audited financial statements be included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, for filing with the SEC.

This report is submitted by the 2025-2026 Audit Committee.

Brenda A. Cline, Chair

Daniel M. Pope

Andrew D. Teed

Corporate Governance Principles

Our Board of Directors has adopted a number of corporate governance policies and practices that apply to the Board, our executive officers, and/or our Company and employee community. Representative highlights of those policies and practices are shared below. For more information, please visit our website, www.tylertech.com.

Corporate Governance Guidelines

Our Corporate Governance Guidelines include the following:

- Independence standards, under which director independence is evaluated on an annual basis under the requirements of applicable rules and standards.
- Limitations on the number of additional public company boards on which a director may serve to a maximum of four, and on the number of additional public company audit committees that a member of our Audit Committee may serve to a maximum of two.
- Expectations that directors should attend all Board meetings and all committee meetings on which they serve.
- Complete and open access to the Company's executives and senior leadership.
- Authority of non-employee directors and each committee to retain independent legal, financial, or other advisors when such advice is necessary, appropriate, and in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.
- Executive sessions of independent directors at least twice annually, and otherwise as deemed necessary and appropriate.
- Annual evaluations of directors, committees, and the Board as a whole.
- Application of Stock Ownership Guidelines and Stock Anti-Hedging and Pledging Policy to directors and executives.
- Annual evaluation of CEO performance against goals and objectives established by the Compensation Committee, in consultation with the Board Chair.
- Periodic reports by the Nominating and Governance Committee regarding succession planning.
- Prohibition of personal loans by the Company to any director or member of executive management.
- Prohibition of stock option repricing.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

Tyler expects all directors, officers and employees to exercise the highest degree of professional business ethics in all actions they undertake on the Company's behalf. Our Board of Directors has adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the "Code") that applies to all of our directors, executive officers (including, without limitation, the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, principal accounting officer, and controller), and employees. The policies established under the Code include:

- Steps for contacting the Chair of the Audit Committee to report any concerns about an accounting, auditing, internal control, or related matter, and prohibition of retaliation for reporting the same.
- Expectations to conduct all Company business in accordance with applicable law.
- Prohibition of the use of any Company asset for any unlawful or improper purpose.
- Prohibition of any Company political contribution to any party, committee, or candidate for public office, as well as payments to government officials and personnel.
- Prohibition of financial or other interests that might conflict with the best interests of the Company.
- Requirement to use reasonable care to protect against the unauthorized use or disclosure of the Company's confidential or proprietary information.

- Prohibition of insider trading and imposition of trading limitations that apply to all directors, officers, and employees during applicable timeframes.
- Encouraging employees to report any work-related accident or injuries, or unsafe or hazardous working conditions, and prohibition of retaliation for reporting the same.
- Commitment to equal employment opportunities and non-discrimination in the Company's workforce.
- Prohibition of all forms of harassment, with reporting instructions in the event of an incident and prohibition of retaliation for reporting the same.

The Board periodically reviews the Code and any adopted updates are posted to our website. The Code was last updated in January 2026 to provide updated contact information for the audit committee chairperson. Company employees must review and acknowledge the Employee Handbook, which incorporates the Code, on an annual basis, and receive regular training on Code topics such as protecting confidential information and anti-harassment. We also publish reminders about Tyler's insider trading policy, trading limitations, and whistleblower policy.

Anti-Bribery Policy

In 2021, our Board of Directors adopted a standalone anti-bribery policy, setting forth our expectations of integrity and anti-bribery specific to Tyler's foreign activities and international presence, consistent with the applicable provisions of the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and other international anti-bribery laws that prohibit unlawful payments to secure unfair business advantages. The policy applies to the Company and all of its subsidiaries and each of their directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives, consultants and business partners. Potential or suspected violations are to be reported to a member of the Audit Committee or to our Chief Legal Officer.

Whistleblower Policy

Tyler is committed to compliance with all applicable securities laws and regulations, accounting standards, accounting controls, and audit practices. The Board of Directors adopted a standalone Whistleblower Policy, which is posted on our website and referenced in other Company documentation. That policy sets forth detailed procedures for the reporting of concerns or complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters, including concerns around questionable accounting or auditing matters. Tyler does not permit retaliation of any kind for reporting a concern or complaint under the policy.

Stock Ownership Guidelines

In 2018, our Board of Directors approved stock ownership guidelines, which were updated in 2022 to increase the ownership requirement applicable to directors. The guidelines are based on the Board's belief that Tyler's directors and executive officers should have a meaningful ownership stake in Tyler that will align their interests with Tyler's shareholders and will promote sound corporate governance. The guidelines apply to non-employee members of the Board and designated executive officers of Tyler. The market value of shares each "covered person" is required to hold is equal to or greater than the ownership levels specified below, based on a multiple of executive officers' base salary or non-employee directors' annual cash retainer.

Covered Person Position	Stock Ownership Guideline
Executive Chair, Chief Executive Officer, President	6 times base salary
Other Named Executive Officers	4 times base salary
Other Executive Officers as designated by the Compensation Committee of the Board	1 times base salary
Non-employee Directors	5 times annual cash retainer

Compliance is evaluated once per year, as of the last day of each fiscal year. We expect each covered person to meet these guidelines within three years from their commencement of service with Tyler as a covered person. In the event of a promotion or an increase in base salary, annual cash retainer, or ownership requirement, the covered person is expected to meet the higher ownership amount within three years from the effective date of the promotion, salary, retainer change, or ownership requirement. Each of our covered persons is in compliance, or making meaningful progress towards compliance, as applicable, with the stock ownership guidelines as of December 31, 2025. A copy of the Stock Ownership Guidelines may be found on our website, www.tylertech.com.

Insider Trading Policy

Our insider trading policy prohibits our directors, officers, and employees (as well as family members and others living in a covered person's household), from engaging in transactions in Tyler stock while in the possession of material non-public information, from disclosing material non-public information to unauthorized persons outside Tyler, and from "short selling" Tyler stock (or an interest in Tyler stock). The policy additionally includes a general blackout period for stock transactions beginning on the first business day after the end of each fiscal quarter through the close of trading on the first full business day after Tyler's public earnings announcement. (Previously, the blackout period ended on the second full business day after Tyler's public earnings announcement, but in 2025, the Board updated that to the first full business day to better align with the timing of when Tyler's earnings were reasonably available to the public through near-instant digital platforms).

Directors, executive officers and executive management, and officers or key employees of any Tyler division (including accounting personnel) may not buy or sell Tyler stock without prior approval from our Corporate Secretary. These persons are also subject to an extended blackout period that begins on the 16th day of the third month of each fiscal quarter through the close of trading on the first full business day after our public earnings announcement. A copy of the Insider Trading Policy may be found on our website, www.tylertech.com.

Rule 10b5-1 Plans

On March 6, 2025, Lynn Moore executed a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan under which trading could not begin until June 10, 2025 and that terminated as of February 9, 2026. Additional information is available in the Form 8-K filed on March 11, 2025. No other director or officer has a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan or a non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement in place as of March 23, 2026.

Stock Anti-Hedging and Pledging Policy

In 2018, our Board approved an anti-hedging/pledging policy, which provides that the same non-employee directors and executive officers subject to the Stock Ownership Guidelines are prohibited from engaging in any hedging transaction that could reduce or limit that person's holdings, ownership or interest in Company securities. Such transactions, while allowing the holder to own Tyler's securities without the full risks and rewards of ownership, potentially separate the holder's interests from those of our shareholders generally. In addition, those same covered persons are discouraged from pledging Company securities or from holding our securities in margin accounts and are prohibited from doing so to the extent of the Stock Ownership Guidelines. A copy of the Stock Anti-Hedging and Pledging Policy may be found on our website, www.tylertech.com.

Corporate Responsibility

Tyler's commitment to corporate responsibility reflects our dedication to creating long-term value for our stakeholders and managing risk while positively impacting the communities we serve. Our sustainability initiatives are anchored in strong governance, Board-level oversight, and a disciplined materiality-driven approach to support intentional and effective execution. The Nominating and Governance Committee oversees the Company's corporate responsibility strategy, including matters relating to governance, human capital, and environmental priorities. The Board receives regular briefings on these topics, enabling informed oversight and alignment with the Company's risk management and long-term value creation.

Tyler's corporate responsibility disclosures are reported in reference to standards and reporting frameworks, including the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board Standards (SASB) and the Global Reporting Initiative Standards (GRI). The Company's cross-functional Corporate Responsibility Council, comprising executive leaders from investor relations, finance, human resources, legal, and subject-matter experts, continues to drive strategic advancement of our corporate responsibility initiatives. The Council integrates stakeholder perspectives and best practices through ongoing stewardship engagement with shareholders and periodic surveys designed to solicit feedback on the Company's corporate responsibility efforts.

The Council met regularly throughout 2025 to support the integrity and effectiveness of our program initiatives and disclosures. The Council's executive sponsor is Tyler's Chief Administrative Officer and Corporate Secretary, who participates in and shares quarterly updates with the Board, including our Lead Independent Chair and Chair of our Nominating and Governance Committee. We encourage shareholders to review the Corporate Responsibility Reports we make available on our website, www.tylertech.com/about-us/who-we-are/corporate-responsibility. Since 2021, those reports have also included EEO-1 data.

We are pleased to share the following corporate responsibility highlights from 2025:

- Integrated corporate responsibility topics into our enterprise risk management processes.
- Continued to apply our 2024 Double Materiality Assessment to prioritize the relevance and disclosure of sustainability matters to our financial materiality and impact materiality.
- Completed our second CDP submission in response to capital market and stakeholder requests for environmental management disclosures. (CDP is a global non-profit organization that manages an independent environmental disclosure system and aggregates data from companies, capital markets, cities, states, and regions to manage environmental impacts and generate environmental impact scores.)
- Enhanced data quality in our 2025 annual emissions inventory through improved data collection methodologies and validation processes.
- Prepared a climate-related financial disclosure aligned with the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) recommendation that addresses governance, strategy, risk management, and metrics, in anticipation of California climate disclosure legislation, SB-261, which is currently subject to an enforcement pause.
- Conducted first Tyler-wide employee engagement survey.
- Realigned and strengthened our Tyler Together program, driving a renewed focus on business impact and measurable outcomes.
- Launched two new Employee Resource Groups, Tyler Black and New @ Tyler, to strengthen collaboration and advance inclusion initiatives across the company.
- Achieved 99.5% employee completion rate for our privacy training and anti-harassment training, and more than 91.5% employee completion rate for our company-wide information security training.
- Expanded our Security Champions program by more than 30% for the second consecutive year.
- Piloted a Data Privacy Champions Program.
- Delivered quarterly information security briefings to the Board and the Audit Committee, with interim updates provided as needed to support Audit Committee expectations and governance standards.

Shareholder Engagement

We value open communication and transparent engagement with our shareholders and the broader investment community, recognizing that ongoing, constructive dialogue is an important element of effective corporate governance that informs our understanding of shareholder priorities and perspectives. Through a combination of year-round investor engagement, structured feedback mechanisms, and proactive stewardship outreach, we seek to maintain transparency around our strategy, operational and financial performance, and governance practices, while reflecting insights from shareholder perspectives in our disclosures and governance approach. We maintain a consistent cadence of investor engagement throughout the year across multiple channels and formats.

Board Level and Management-Led Engagement

During 2025, Tyler leadership and members of our Board of Directors regularly engaged with shareholders on governance-focused topics, including our approach to enterprise risk management, board composition and refreshment considerations, executive compensation practices, human capital development, talent recruitment, climate-related disclosures, and overall progress on our corporate responsibility matters. Our Lead Independent Director and Chair of our Nominating and Governance Committee was typically joined by our Chief Financial Officer, Chief Administrative Officer and Corporate Secretary, and/or Chief Human Resources Officer for those discussions. We also regularly welcomed investors and prospective investors at our corporate headquarters, where they typically met with our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and/or Chief Operating Officer, along with other Company leaders. Following each meeting, executive meeting summaries highlighting key discussion points and feedback were reviewed at the following Nominating and Governance Committee meeting and shared with our Board of Directors.

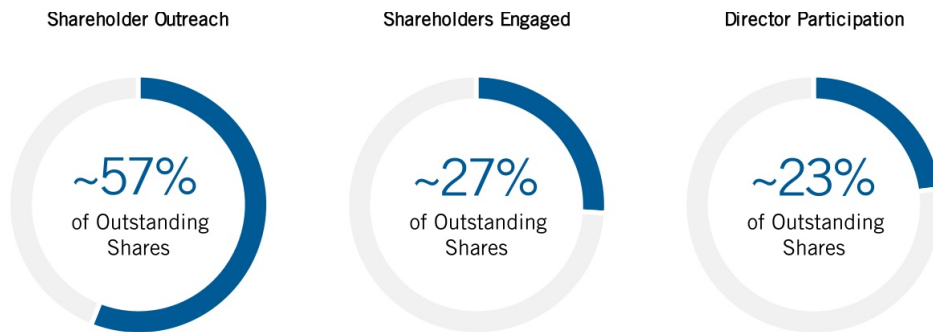
Specific to compensation practices, our discussions focused on current levels of compensation and performance metrics used in providing short-term and long-term incentive compensation to our Named Executive Officers. At our 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareholders, our say-on-pay proposal received the support of nearly 99% of the votes cast. Our Board views this support as affirmation that our shareholders support our approach to Named Executive Officer compensation, that our policies are in alignment with our shareholders, and that they appropriately reflect our “pay for performance” philosophy. Based on engagement with shareholders and the high level of approval, the Compensation Committee determined that current executive compensation practices and those being considered for the future remain appropriate.

The governance practices we discussed with investors included our approach to Board composition, including the skill sets each director brings to the Board and how those are intended to complement the Company’s strategic priorities. We also responded to shareholder inquiries regarding privacy and data security, talent retention and development, allocation of risk management, our responsible AI strategy and framework, and our performance against various sustainability metrics. We believe these conversations were fruitful, and reflected a shared understanding of the Company’s commitment to sound governance practices that inherently align with our business philosophy.

Separately, management-led engagement with shareholders and the broader investment community included numerous in-office and virtual meetings, in addition to participating in 19 investor conferences and four non-deal roadshows across six domestic and four international markets. Discussion topics focused on Tyler’s ongoing cloud transition and our strategic growth roadmap, including our mid- to long-term financial targets and capital allocation framework supporting our 2030 vision.

Scope and Scale of Engagement

Through a combination of proactive stewardship outreach and requests for governance calls, we engaged with shareholders representing 57% of shares outstanding. Within this group, we held stewardship calls with shareholders representing 27% of shares outstanding. Our Lead Independent Director and Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee participated in stewardship meetings representing 23% of shares outstanding, reflecting the Board's continued commitment to meaningful shareholder dialogue and investor access to Board leadership.



Feedback Mechanisms and Continuous Improvement

To further strengthen engagement and assess the effectiveness of our messaging and disclosure efforts, we established a quarterly email survey cadence in 2025 to gather feedback from investors, shareholders, and the broader investor community regarding our financial and operational disclosures and related communications. In addition, we conducted a third-party investor perception study with outreach to approximately 110 targets, achieving a 28% response rate. These feedback mechanisms serve as complementary channels to surface disclosure gaps and inform refinements to our ongoing investor relations strategy. Collectively, the feedback outreach provided candid, constructive insights across a range of timely topics, including management execution and credibility, long-term financial targets, capital allocation framework, and our key financial performance metrics.

Insights from shareholder engagement activities are summarized and shared with the Board and relevant committees to support ongoing oversight and considerations of shareholder perspectives.

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

This Compensation Discussion and Analysis describes the compensation program for certain of our executive officers (the “Named Executive Officers” or “NEOs”) and provides an overview of our executive compensation philosophy, objectives, policies and practices. It also describes how and why the Compensation Committee made specific decisions relative to Named Executive Officer compensation for 2025 and 2026. The NEOs covered in this Compensation Discussion and Analysis for 2025 are:

Name	Title
John S. Marr, Jr.	Executive Chair
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	President & Chief Executive Officer
Brian K. Miller	Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer
Jeffrey D. Puckett	Chief Operating Officer
Abigail M. Diaz*	Chief Administrative Officer

* Ms. Diaz was designated a Named Executive Officer in May 2025.

Executive Summary

2025 Business Highlights

In 2025, we achieved or exceeded our objectives across virtually all key financial, operational and strategic metrics. Total revenues reached \$2.332 billion, reflecting 9.1% growth. Recurring revenues grew 12.5%, comprising 87.1% of total revenues. Software-as-a-service (SaaS) revenues rose 20.6%, exceeding our targeted 20% CAGR through 2025. In addition, transaction-based revenues grew 15.8%.

We also delivered strong profitability, and both earnings and cash flow surpassed our expectations, driven by operational efficiencies from our cloud transition and disciplined management of operating expenses. GAAP net income rose 20.0% to \$315.6 million, or \$7.20 per diluted share, while non-GAAP net income grew 19.3% to \$495.5 million, or \$11.31 per diluted share. Cash flow growth was also solid, driven by earnings growth and effective working capital management. We repurchased \$175 million of our stock, and directed targeted investments to support growth and efficiency, including investments in client-centric, embedded AI solutions grounded in deep domain expertise, security, and trust.

Beyond our financial results, we achieved significant milestones in advancing our strategic initiatives. From accelerating cloud adoption to enhancing our sales alignment and strengthening our balance sheet, we continue to position Tyler to deliver durable growth and value for the long term.

For the year ended December 31, 2025:

\$2.332 billion

Total revenues were \$2.332 billion, up 9.1% over 2024.

\$2.032 billion

Recurring revenues were 2.032 billion, up 12.5%, and comprised 87.1% of 2025 revenues, up from 84.5%.

\$315.6 million⁽¹⁾

We achieved net income under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") of \$315.6 million, or \$7.20 per diluted share, up 20.0%. Non-GAAP net income was \$495.5 million, or \$11.31 per diluted share, up 19.3%.⁽¹⁾

\$653.5 million

We generated \$653.5 million in cash from operations during the year and ended the year with total cash and investments of \$1.168 billion, and total outstanding debt, including convertible debt of \$600.0 million.

We repurchased 303,067 shares of our common stock during the year for approximately \$175 million.

(1) Refer to Appendix A for our Reconciliations of GAAP to non-GAAP Financial Measures.

In addition to our financial performance, 2025 achievements included:

- Recognition for the 9th consecutive year by Government Technology Magazine on its "2025 GovTech 100" list.
- 10 national workplace recognition awards including as Forbes' 'America's Best Large Employers' and 'Global 2000'; as Newsweek's 'America's Greatest Workplaces' and 'America's Most Responsible Companies'; and as TIME's 'America's Best Midsize Companies'.
- Giving back to the communities where we live and work through more than 12,600 hours of time donated in 2025 by Tyler team members to local non-profits and community organizations.

2025 Executive Compensation Summary

For 2025, the Compensation Committee continued to balance each element of our executive compensation program. These elements are designed to motivate our NEOs to achieve financial and operational objectives that drive long-term growth for our shareholders. As such, in 2025 the Compensation Committee, for each element, took the following approach:

- Annual Salary:
 - Maintained existing salaries for Mr. Marr, Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, and Mr. Puckett.
- Short-term Incentive:
 - Maintained existing short-term incentive target levels of Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, and Mr. Puckett for 2025. As Executive Chair, Mr. Marr did not receive a short-term incentive.
 - Based on results achieved in 2025 Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share, determined that 120% of target incentive was earned, and awarded Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, and Mr. Puckett 2,283; 1,437; and 1,099 shares, respectively.
- Long-term Incentive:
 - Maintained existing long-term incentive targets for Mr. Marr, Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, and Mr. Puckett in 2025.
 - Granted Mr. Marr, Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, and Mr. Puckett 1,478; 10,682; 4,930; and 3,450 long-term PSUs and 0; 1,643; 821; and 410 RSUs, respectively. The Compensation Committee maintained the target value of long-term incentives to the NEOs from 2024 to 2025 (the number of units granted is lower due to the increased value per share at the time of grant). The long-term PSUs granted in 2025 vest in 2028 based on achievement of three-year performance goals. The long-term RSUs granted in 2025 vest one-third each year over three years from grant date. As noted above, Mr. Marr did not receive an RSU grant in 2025.

- Based on goals established for the PSUs granted in 2023 and tied to the achievement of 3-year cumulative recurring revenue growth, determined that target was achieved and approved vesting of 3,512; 25,382; 11,927; and 7,417 long-term PSUs for Mr. Marr, Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller and Mr. Puckett, respectively.
- Ms. Diaz' compensation was reviewed separately, prior to her promotion to Chief Administrative Officer and designation as a Named Executive Officer in May 2025. Her existing salary and bonus target was maintained from 2024 to 2025. She also earned 120% of target short-term incentive and was awarded 723 shares. Ms. Diaz' long-term incentive award in 2025 was increased by 11% in PSUs and her RSU level was maintained from 2024 to 2025. Ms. Diaz was approved for vesting of 4,375 long-term PSUs granted in 2023. The Company expects to enter into a formal employment agreement with Ms. Diaz in May 2026.

The table below summarizes the compensation actions approved by the Compensation Committee for each of the NEOs in 2025:

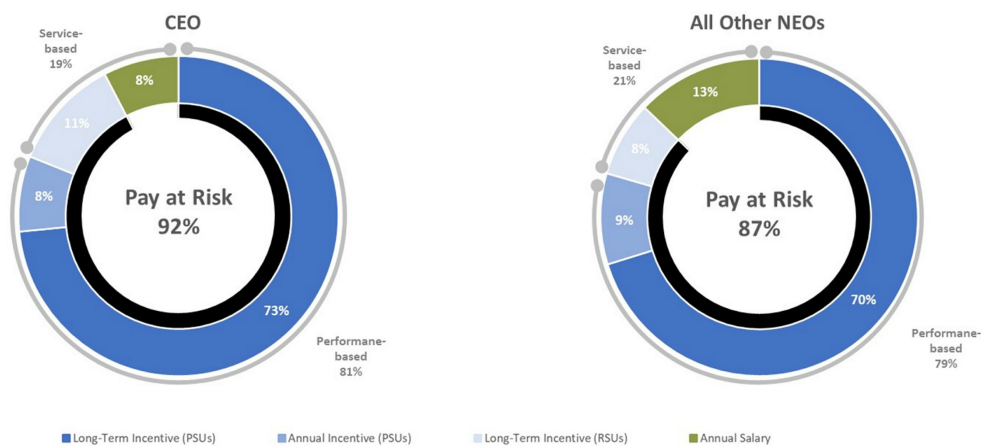
Name	2025 Annual Salary Change (%)	2025 Short-term Stock Incentive (PSUs)		2025 Long-term Stock Incentive	
		Change to Target (%)	Shares Earned ⁽¹⁾	PSUs Granted ⁽²⁾	RSUs Granted ⁽³⁾
John S. Marr, Jr.	—	n/a	n/a	1,478	—
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	—	—	2,283	10,682	1,643
Brian K. Miller	—	—	1,437	4,930	821
Jeffrey D. Puckett	—	—	1,099	3,450	410
Abigail M. Diaz	—	—	723	2,136	82

(1) Represents 120% of the target amounts based on achievement of short-term incentive performance goals in 2025

(2) PSUs granted will vest in 2028 based on achievement of three-year performance goals

(3) RSUs granted vest one-third each year over three years from grant date

The total target direct compensation awarded to our Named Executive Officers in 2025 was allocated as follows:



Compensation Philosophy and Objectives

Elements of Executive Compensation

The elements of our executive compensation packages, as well as their purposes and associated metrics, are outlined below. All are reviewed and approved by the Compensation Committee on at least an annual basis.

Type	Element	Form of Compensation	Purpose	2025 Metric
Service-Based Compensation <i>Generally 20% of Total Target Compensation</i>	Annual Salary	Cash	Provides competitive, fixed compensation to attract and retain executive talent with the specific skills and experience to drive continued growth	Fixed component of compensation; changes, when made, are driven by individual performance, peer and market comparisons and retention needs
	Annual Stock Grant	Restricted stock units (RSUs)	Supports retention and provides competitive annual compensation level to attract and retain executive talent	Used as needed to maintain a level of service-based compensation at or around 20%
Performance-Based Compensation <i>Generally 80% of Total Target Compensation</i>	Annual Incentive Compensation	Performance-based restricted stock units (PSUs)	Provides reward for achieving or exceeding annual financial performance goals	Achievement of adjusted earnings per share goals (Non-GAAP), which are recommended by the CEO and approved by the Compensation Committee
	Long-term incentive compensation	Performance-based restricted stock units (PSUs)	Create a strong financial incentive for responsible shareholder value creation with significant Company equity stake linked to long-term, future Company performance	Most significant element of executive compensation; based on two metrics: • Achievement of 3-year Cumulative Recurring Revenue Growth (50% of PSUs) • Achievement of 3-year Operating Margin (50% of PSUs)

As reflected above, we believe that sustained achievement of measurable financial objectives leads to increased shareholder value. Incentives that vest over, or after, multiple years motivate and retain our executives while aligning their interest in the long-term performance of the Company with that of our shareholders. As such, a significant portion of our Named Executive Officers' target total direct compensation is "at-risk" and based on the achievement of annual and long-term financial objectives. As a result, in 2025 a substantial portion of our NEO compensation consisted of performance-based restricted stock units that provide no value to our NEOs unless value is created for our shareholders through the long-term performance of the Company.

Executive Compensation Related Policies and Practices

We currently operate under the following compensation-related governance practices for responsible management of risk and expense in the reward of our Named Executive Officers:

Our Philosophy	Our Practice
Our executive compensation program and practices are designed to reward for performance, not provide perquisites	Total Target Compensation for our Named Executive Officers is consistently set at or below median levels within our peer group with the opportunity for increased compensation based on performance above planned growth goals. 80% or more of total target compensation to our Named Executive Officers is performance-based equity compensation and an additional 5%-10% is time-vested equity, placing between 85% and 90% of total target compensation 'at risk'. Our Named Executive Officers receive no material non-cash benefits, deferred compensation benefits, or other executive perquisites. Our Named Executive Officers participate in the same health and welfare benefits available to all employees of the Company and on the same terms as are broadly available.
We deliver pay for performance that consistently meets or exceeds expectations	Performance-based incentives are provided upon the achievement of annual growth and operational goals and long-term growth goals that increase shareholder value. The potential for additional compensation is linked to performance levels that exceed Board of Directors and shareholder expectations for performance and growth.
We administer our executive compensation programs and practices responsibly on behalf of our shareholders	Our Compensation Committee is comprised solely of independent directors. We maintain an executive compensation recovery policy and incentive compensation recovery policy as described further in the "Other Important Elements of our Executive Compensation" section. We maintain stock ownership guidelines, referenced in more detail in the "Stock Ownership Guidelines" section, which require our executives to hold a meaningful ownership stake in the Company. We design and administer our executive compensation program with caps and appropriate controls to ensure excessive risk taking is not incentivized as described in the "Other Important Elements of our Executive Compensation" section. Our Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan does not permit stock option exchanges or repricing without shareholder approval. We maintain a Stock Anti-Hedging and Pledging Policy, described in the "Stock Anti-Hedging and Pledging Policy" section, to prohibit our executives from engaging in transactions that could reduce or limit their holdings, ownership or interest in Company securities and to discourage our executives from pledging Company securities or from holding Company securities in margin accounts. Since 2017, we have conducted an annual shareholder advisory vote on Named Executive Officer compensation and maintain ongoing outreach to our investors to understand their perspectives on our executive compensation program. Our Compensation Committee conducts an annual self-assessment. We do not provide excise tax payments or "gross ups" on future post-employment compensation to our Named Executive Officers if they become eligible for severance payments under the terms of their employment agreements.

Process for Setting Executive Compensation

The Compensation Committee carries out the responsibilities of our Board relating to the compensation of our Named Executive Officers, with input from all of our independent directors. The Compensation Committee carries out these duties in the interests of our shareholders and based on our compensation philosophy and objectives. The Committee's responsibilities include reviewing and approving:

- All compensation of our CEO and other NEOs;
- Performance goals used in the design of our annual and long-term incentive plans;
- CEO and other NEO post-employment compensation arrangements; and
- This Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

In the course of carrying out its duties, the Compensation Committee consults with our human resources, finance, and legal departments to gather information regarding corporate and individual performance; peer and market comparator data; regulatory changes; and relevant best practices, among other topics. The Compensation Committee reviews recommendations for performance measures and related target levels of pay for our Named Executive Officers. Those recommendations are prepared by our Chief Human Resources Officer and presented in the context of our operational and long-term performance objectives, shareholder engagement, and peer compensation data.

As with past years, in 2025, the Compensation Committee met multiple times to ensure a balance of 80% performance-based and 20% service-based compensation to NEOs. Our NEO compensations plans do not currently include more complex elements, such as deferred compensation plans. Since 2023, NEO compensation has not included option grants.

Role of Our CEO and the Other Named Executive Officers

Our Named Executive Officers do not make recommendations regarding their own compensation. The Compensation Committee does solicit the opinions of our Executive Chair and our Chief Executive Officer relative to (i) the level of attainability and risk associated with performance objectives in the performance-based compensation elements and (ii) the rationale for any individual changes to NEO compensation (other than their own). The Compensation Committee reviews and discusses the recommendations presented and uses them as one factor in approving the compensation of our NEOs.

Factors Considered in Setting Executive Compensation

In determining the amount and form of the compensation elements, the Compensation Committee considers a number of factors each year, including:

- Operational and long-term growth goals and performance against these goals, as reflected in the achievement of key strategic, financial and operational objectives set out in annual and multi-year business plans;
- Our executive compensation program objectives, including responsible compensation pay practices and mix of pay elements which minimize excessive risk taking;
- Annual salaries, annual incentives, and long-term incentives provided in our peer group and peer roles in the Radford Global Technology Survey;
- Periodic review of ISS guidelines as to the appropriate level of share-based awards granted for companies of similar characteristics;
- Performance and retention of the Named Executive Officers and the value of that retention to shareholders;
- General economic conditions; and
- Feedback and perspectives gained from engagement with shareholders.

Each year, our Chief Human Resources Officer provides the Compensation Committee with data to support a review of the market competitiveness of our executive compensation relative to broad industry peers. The Compensation Committee may also retain the services of compensation advisors for the purpose of assisting in the determination of executive compensation. In 2025, the Compensation Committee did not engage a consultant, instead relying on guidance provided in previous engagements.

Peer Group

In order to provide the Compensation Committee with more detailed and specific information about executive compensation levels and practices, we utilize a peer group (the "Peer Group") each year to assist in determining appropriate compensation levels for the Named Executive Officers. The Peer Group used for competitive analysis consists of publicly traded companies of similar size to Tyler, most of which are in the enterprise software space.

The 13 companies in the Peer Group used to assist in setting 2025 compensation were:

ACI Worldwide, Inc.	Fair Isaac Corp	Pegasystems Inc.
Aspen Technology, Inc.	Guidewire Software, Inc.	PTC Inc.
Bentley Systems, Inc.	HubSpot, Inc.	Veeva Systems Inc.
Blackbaud, Inc.	Jack Henry & Associates, Inc.	
Envestnet, Inc.	Manhattan Associates, Inc.	

We review the Peer Group annually to ensure that the companies in the Peer Group remain relevant and provide meaningful compensation comparisons. In February 2025, the Compensation Committee reviewed the final Peer Group relative to Tyler considering multiple factors, including the following four key metrics: revenue; market capitalization; and one-year and three-year total shareholder return. The Compensation Committee determined the Peer Group was appropriate as proposed for 2025 executive compensation comparison purposes.

The graphs below show a comparison of Tyler to the peer group for those key metrics:

Tyler Technologies Vs. Peer Group

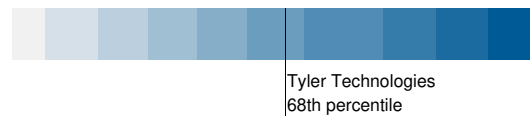
Revenue⁽¹⁾



Market Capitalization⁽²⁾



1-Year Total Shareholder Return⁽²⁾



3-Year Total Shareholder Return⁽³⁾



(1) Based on most recent fiscal year ending December 31, 2024

(2) As of December 31, 2024

(3) Based on the three years ending December 31, 2024

In addition to Peer Group data and data from those peers identified by ISS and Glass Lewis, the Compensation Committee reviews compensation data for each of the Named Executive Officer's roles from the Radford Global Technology Survey (the "Radford Survey"), which the Compensation Committee has reviewed each year since 2010. Over 2,000 technology and life science companies use the Radford Survey to benchmark their compensation practices for all levels within their organizations. This data is provided to the Compensation Committee by the Chief Human Resources Officer.

The Compensation Committee uses Peer Group and survey data as a reasonableness check. This flexibility is important in designing compensation arrangements which attract and retain new executives in the highly competitive and rapidly changing environment in which we compete for growth and talent.

Analysis of Named Executive Officer Compensation

2025 Named Executive Compensation Structure and Process

The Committee's goal was to ensure that 2025 Named Executive Officer compensation rewards appropriately for the achievement of operational and long-term growth goals and aligns with governance best practices. The Committee conducted this work with the expectation that its decisions regarding 2025 NEO compensation would reflect our overall approach to NEO compensation.

In setting the mix between the different elements of compensation, we do not target specific allocations, but generally weigh incentive compensation elements more heavily. Our objectives in granting equity incentive awards are to:

- Maintain an overall number and value of equity incentive awards that is reasonable in terms of shareholder dilution;
- Focus equity incentive awards on key employees who have a direct impact on our ability to achieve our long-term goals;
- Provide the largest equity incentive grants to our top performers and individuals with the greatest responsibilities and potential to drive long-term share price appreciation; and
- Utilize a mix of restricted stock units and performance-based restricted stock units to align recipients with the long-term interests of our shareholders, without promoting excessive risk taking.

For more information, see "Compensation Discussion and Analysis — 2025 Named Executive Officer Compensation Structure and Process — Compensation Mix" below.

In February 2025, the Compensation Committee reviewed the final proposed executive compensation program and individual compensation elements for each of the Named Executive Officers, including our Chief Executive Officer, as described below.

Annual Salary

Annual salary represents the single fixed component of the three principal elements of our executive compensation program. Named Executive Officers may or may not receive a salary increase in any given year. In February 2025, the Compensation Committee approved maintaining the annual salaries of Mr. Marr, Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, and Mr. Puckett at their current levels.

Name	Change (%)	2024 (\$)	2025 (\$)
John S. Marr, Jr.	—	300,000	300,000
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	—	675,000	675,000
Brian K. Miller	—	425,000	425,000
Jeffrey D. Puckett	—	325,000	325,000
Abigail M. Diaz	*	285,000	285,000

* Ms. Diaz was designated a Named Executive Officer in May 2025 and has not yet entered into an employment agreement with the Company.

The review and decision by our Compensation Committee was based on multiple factors including:

- Company performance in the previous fiscal year and against multi-year goals, including Tyler's growth in revenue, operating margin, and earnings per share
- Executive experience, retention, and performance
- The balance between service-based and performance-based compensation including an evaluation of the impact of annual salary increases on annual incentive compensation and total compensation, and
- Peer Group and Radford Survey data, which included comparisons for comparable roles in similar-sized companies with annual revenues between \$981 million and \$2.4 billion.

The Compensation Committee does not allow market survey data to dictate total compensation. Market survey data is used as a reasonableness check, and the Committee generally maintains total target compensation at or below Peer Group and Radford Survey benchmarks.

Short-term Incentive Compensation

The short-term incentive plan is based on our operating plan, driven by our multi-year strategic plan, and developed from the "bottom-up," considering a wide range of factors that impact our results (such as the general economic environment; our market, competitive landscape, initiatives and investments; and various other risks and opportunities). Performance that meets our internal plan in a given year may not correspond with our executives earning 100% of the target bonus if the internal plan does not meet the goal of overall year-over-year growth.

Target Short-term Incentive Opportunities

The following table sets forth each NEO's target short-term incentive opportunity for 2025, as set by the Compensation Committee. Consistent with 2024, the 2025 short-term incentive was provided in the form of PSUs. Short-term incentive targets for our NEOs in 2025 were unchanged from 2024.

Named Executive Officer	Target STI Opportunity as a Percentage of Base Salary
Mr. Marr	N/A
Mr. Moore	100%
Mr. Miller	100%
Mr. Puckett	100%
Ms. Diaz	75%

2025 Short-term Incentive Plan

On February 3, 2025, the Compensation Committee granted PSUs to our NEOs representing their annual short-term incentive as reported in the "Stock Awards" columns of the 2025 Summary Compensation Table and as described below.

The 2025 short-term incentive compensation plan was based on the achievement of fully diluted non-GAAP earnings per share goals established in connection with our annual operating plan and consistent with our long-term growth strategy. That plan is structured with graduated benefits for over-achievement and consequences for under-achievement of objectives, including no vesting below a minimum threshold of performance.

Annual Incentive Metric	Rationale for Metric
Non-GAAP Earnings per Share*	We believe that non-GAAP earnings per share removes certain non-cash items and uncontrollable variables and provides a more accurate picture of our financial performance.

* Excludes share-based compensation expense, employer portion of payroll taxes on employee stock transactions, acquisition-related costs, lease restructuring costs and other asset write-offs, and expenses associated with amortization of intangibles arising from business combinations.

The Compensation Committee sets the performance target at a level it considers stretch, but achievable at target, with exceptional performance required to achieve at the maximum level. The 2025 Short-Term Incentive Plan provided the opportunity for the executive officers, as well as other corporate employees, to earn incentive compensation at the following levels:

Percentage of EPS Goal (%)	Percentage of Target Award Earned (%)
104.2 and above	150
103.8 to 104.19	145
103.5 to 103.79	140
103.1 to 103.49	135
102.7 to 103.09	130
102.4 to 102.69	125
102.0 to 102.39	120
101.6 to 101.99	115
101.3 to 101.59	110
100.9 to 101.29	105
99.1 to 100.89	100
98.7 to 99.09	95
98.4 to 98.69	90
98.0 to 98.39	85
97.6 to 97.99	80
97.3 to 97.59	75
96.9 to 97.29	70
96.6 to 96.89	65
96.2 to 96.59	60
95.8 to 96.19	55
95.5 to 95.79	50
Less than 95.5	0

Each year, the Compensation Committee approves the vesting of short-term incentive compensation for the prior fiscal year based on the achievement of these predefined and pre-approved incentive compensation performance objectives. Short-term incentives for the prior fiscal year are reviewed by the Compensation Committee in the first quarter of the following fiscal year and generally vest as earned on March 1. While the vesting of short-term incentive PSUs is based solely on the achievement of predefined and pre-approved performance objectives, the Compensation Committee, using its judgment, may exercise discretion in granting additional bonus amounts and equity awards as it deems appropriate. These adjustments may be based on subjective factors, such as the Compensation Committee's assessment of general economic and market conditions; unforeseen "one-time" events affecting financial performance or driving shareholder value; the executive's assumption of additional responsibilities; the degree of difficulty of a particular assignment; and the executive's experience, tenure, and future prospects with Tyler.

In February 2026, the Compensation Committee approved vesting of the 2025 short-term incentive awards at 120% of base salary for Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, Mr. Puckett, and Ms. Diaz. Awards under the 2025 Short-Term Incentive Plan vested on March 1, 2026, as approved.

Metric	Threshold (50%) (\$)	Target (100%) (\$)	Max (150%) (\$)	Actual Achievement (\$)	% of Target Achieved (%)
Non-GAAP EPS ⁽¹⁾	10.52	10.92 - 11.119	11.48	11.31	120

1. Included adjustments to 2025 GAAP pre-tax income for (i) \$0.7 million of acquisition-related costs, (ii) \$154.2 million of share-based compensation expense and employer portion of payroll taxes on employee stock transactions, (iii) \$93.9 million of amortization of intangibles arising from business combinations, and (iv) \$0.2 million of lease restructuring and other.

Name	Number of 2025 Short-term Incentive PSUs Earned
Mr. Moore	2,283 on 3/1/26
Mr. Miller	1,437 on 3/1/26
Mr. Puckett	1,099 on 3/1/26
Ms. Diaz	723 on 3/1/26

Long-term Incentives

We believe stock incentives provide a vital link between the long-term results achieved for our shareholders and the rewards provided to executive officers and other key employees for that achievement. Stock incentives also provide an additional benefit in retention of that talent.

Long-term equity incentives are comprised of PSUs and RSUs intended to reward sustained achievement of long-term objectives through achievement of performance goals and time-based vesting periods.

Long-term PSUs

Long-term PSUs represented approximately 70% of target total compensation to our NEOs in 2025 and cliff-vest at the end of three years upon the achievement of defined performance, as determined by the Compensation Committee, for that same three-year period. The three-year cliff vesting period reinforces the importance of sustained revenue and operating margin growth to the Company's long-term success. The Compensation Committee believes that this vesting schedule emphasizes the long-term nature of profitable growth, thereby further aligning the interests of the Named Executive Officers with those of shareholders. Upon vesting, vested PSUs are "settled" by our issuance to the holder, without any charge, of one share of our common stock for each vested PSU.

From 2018 through 2020, the performance measure used in the NEO PSU grants was three-year cumulative revenue growth. The Committee has historically discussed a move to metrics more closely aligned with the Company's business strategy and feedback received during shareholder engagement. Recurring revenue growth over a three-year period was approved by the Committee in 2021 as a PSU metric given its alignment with our strategy to move to the cloud, feedback from shareholders, peer utilization review, and as a significant driver of continuing shareholder value. Operating margin growth over a three-year period was approved by the Committee in 2023 as an additional PSU metric given its importance to shareholders as we complete our transition to the cloud.

Long-term RSUs

Long-term RSUs represented approximately 10% of target total compensation in 2025 and vest one-third each year over three years from grant date.

Through the use of equity incentives, a significant portion of potential NEO compensation is tied directly to achievement of performance goals or stock price appreciation, further aligning the interest of our executive officers with those of our shareholders. PSUs and RSUs are granted on or about March 1 after performance metrics have been established.

2025 Long-term Incentive Opportunities

The following table sets forth the RSUs and PSUs granted to each NEO on March 1, 2025. These grants are also reflected in the Summary Compensation Table. The number of shares granted to each NEO as PSUs or RSUs in 2025 was determined based on a target grant value divided by the closing price of our common stock on the last business day prior to grant. As a result, the value of equity granted to our NEOs in 2025 and reported in this Proxy Statement, according to applicable SEC reporting requirements, may differ from the target values approved by the Compensation Committee, according to its methodology.

March 1, 2025 Long-term Incentive Grants				
Name	Number of RSUs (time-vested)	Change from 2024	Number of PSUs (3Y performance-vested)	Change from 2024
Mr. Marr	—	—	1,478	(562)
Mr. Moore	1,643	(625)	10,682	(4060)
Mr. Miller	821	(313)	4,930	(1874)
Mr. Puckett	410	(157)	3,450	(1312)
Ms. Diaz	82	(31)	2,136	(530)

The decrease in number of units granted in 2025 was due to the appreciation of our stock over the prior year; target grant values remained the same from year to year. The Committee felt the target long-term incentive compensation provided an appropriate level of compensation for each Named Executive Officer in light of Company and individual performance as well as Peer Group analysis.

The performance measures used to determine the number of PSUs vested at the end of the three-year performance period for the 2025 PSU grant are adjusted recurring revenue growth over that period and 2027 net operating margin. The three-year cliff vesting period reinforces the importance of sustained recurring revenue and operating margin growth to the Company's long-term success. The Compensation Committee believes that this vesting schedule emphasizes the long-term nature of this compensation component, further aligning the interests of the Named Executive Officers with those of the shareholders. Upon vesting, the vested PSUs will be "settled" by our issuance to the holder, without any charge, of one share of our common stock for each vested PSU.

The following tables sets forth the performance criteria that must be met for annual PSU grants to be earned and eligible for vesting:

3-Year Cumulative Adjusted Recurring Revenue Growth ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Percentage of PSUs to be earned and eligible for vesting (%)
Under 22.5%	—
22.5% to 27.72%	50
27.73% to 33.09%	80
33.10% to 40.49%	100
40.50% to 46.20%	120
46.21% and above	150

1. Includes non-GAAP recurring revenue from an acquisition when total acquired company recurring revenue is less than or equal to 3% of Tyler recurring revenue. For an acquisition with recurring revenue run rate at the time of acquisition that is greater than 3% of Tyler recurring revenue, includes recurring revenue from the acquisition that is equal to 3% of Tyler recurring revenue at the time of acquisition.
2. Adjusted recurring revenue determined as non-GAAP revenue from subscriptions and maintenance revenue categories, including transaction-based revenues, but excluding interchange, network association fees, third-party processing fees or other bank fees (collectively referred to as "merchant fees").

2027 Net Adjusted Operating Margin ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of PSUs to be earned and eligible for vesting (%)
Under 27.5%	—
27.5% to 27.99%	50
28.0% to 28.49%	80
28.5% to 29.49%	100
29.5% to 29.99%	120
30.0% and above	150

1. Net Adjusted Operating Margin determined as non-GAAP operating profit (as calculated for our quarterly earnings releases) divided by total adjusted revenues, where merchant fees (i.e., interchange, network association fees, third-party processing fees or other bank fees) are excluded from total revenues.

In addition, in February 2025, the Compensation Committee approved RSUs to Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, Mr. Puckett, and Ms. Diaz as shown in the summary below of total long-term PSUs and RSUs approved for the Named Executive Officers.

Name	PSUs (Recurring Revenue) March 1, 2025	PSUs (Operating Margin) March 1, 2025	RSUs March 1, 2025
John S. Marr, Jr.	739	739	—
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	5,341	5,341	1,643
Brian K. Miller	2,465	2,465	821
Jeffrey D. Puckett	1,725	1,725	410
Abigail M. Diaz	1,068	1,068	82

The Named Executive Officers were awarded approximately 13.8% of the total stock incentive awards granted to employees in 2025 as part of our stock incentive award program. In 2025, the percentage of total share-based awards for our grants to Named Executive Officers was as follows:

Name	Percentage of total stock incentive awards (%)
John S. Marr, Jr.	0.7
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	6.6
Brian K. Miller	3.1
Jeffrey D. Puckett	2.1
Abigail M. Diaz	1.3

Share-based awards were also made in 2025 to approximately 20% of all Company employees.

2025 Long-term Incentives Earned

On February 3, 2025, the Compensation Committee approved the vesting of PSUs granted on March 1, 2022 to our NEOs. The 2022 PSUs vested at 100% of target on March 1, 2025.

The 2022 long-term incentive PSU plan was based on the achievement of 3-year cumulative recurring revenue growth as shown below.

3-year Cumulative Adjusted Recurring Revenue Growth ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of PSUs to be earned and eligible for vesting (%)
Under 25.6%	—
25.6% to 29.59%	50
29.6% to 33.59%	80
33.6% to 39.59%	100
39.6% to 45.59%	120
45.6% and above	150

- Includes non-GAAP recurring revenue from an acquisition when total acquired company recurring revenue is less than or equal to 3% of Tyler recurring revenue. For an acquisition with recurring revenue run rate at the time of acquisition that is greater than 3% of Tyler recurring revenue, includes recurring revenue from the acquisition that is equal to 3% of Tyler recurring revenue at the time of acquisition.

The Compensation Committee sets the performance target at a level it considers stretch but achievable at target, with exceptional performance required to achieve at the maximum level for each metric in the long-term incentive plan. The 2022 Long-Term Incentive Plan provided the opportunity for the executive officers to earn incentive compensation at the following levels⁽¹⁾:

Name	Shares Awarded from 2022 LTI PSUs
John S. Marr, Jr.	—
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	6,500
Brian K. Miller	3,750
Jeffrey D. Puckett	2,500

1. Ms. Diaz was not a Named Executive Officer at the time of the 2022 grant.

Each year, the Compensation Committee approves the vesting of long-term incentive compensation based on the achievement of predefined and pre-approved incentive compensation performance objectives. Long-term incentives are reviewed by the Compensation Committee in the first quarter of the fiscal year following the performance period and generally vest as earned on March 1. While the vesting of long-term incentive PSUs is based solely on the achievement of predefined and pre-approved performance objectives, the Compensation Committee, using its judgment, may exercise discretion in granting additional bonus amounts and equity awards as it deems appropriate. These adjustments may be based on subjective factors, such as the Compensation Committee's assessment of general economic and market conditions; unforeseen "one-time" events affecting financial performance or driving shareholder value; the executive's assumption of additional responsibilities; the degree of difficulty of a particular assignment; and the executive's experience, tenure, and future prospects with Tyler.

Compensation Mix

The mix of the four key elements of 2025 Named Executive Officer compensation is designed to align a substantial portion of executive pay with the achievement of performance goals and increased value to Tyler shareholders. While annual salaries are intended to be fixed and certain, the value (and risk) of all other elements of compensation are delivered through the achievement of performance goals, change in value delivered to shareholders, or a combination of both. We believe that having a larger measure of key pay elements based on achievement of key financial goals responsibly motivates and challenges our Named Executive Officers to achieve positive returns for our shareholders.

For 2025, the proportion of pay at risk for our Named Executive Officers is reflected in the chart below. The chart depicts the relative mix of pay elements for 2025: annual salary earned, annual bonus incentive earned, and the aggregate grant date fair value of share-based awards made to the Named Executive Officers. For more detail, see "Executive Compensation — Summary Compensation Table."

Name	Annual Salary (%)	Compensation at Risk		
		Long-Term Stock Incentive Target (RSUs) (%)	Short-term Stock Incentive Target (PSUs) (%)	Long-term Stock Incentive Target (PSUs) (%)
John S. Marr, Jr.	25	—	—	75
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	8	11	8	73
Brian K. Miller	10	11	10	69
Jeffrey D. Puckett	11	8	11	70
Abigail M. Diaz	15	3	12	70

Additional Considerations

In addition to the evaluation of NEO compensation relative to other named executive officers of similarly sized, publicly held companies in similar industries, the Compensation Committee discussed in detail the following in determining total NEO compensation in 2025:

- Key operational and long-term objectives, including management's goal of multi-year and year-over-year earnings per share growth, continued strengthening of the Company's balance sheet, profitability, and growth of recurring revenues and operating margin;
- Management's objectives to deliver on the 2030 vision, shared with investors in 2023, including our focus to develop and deploy premier technology through continued investment and the transition to the cloud;
- The continued retention of each of our Named Executive Officers who lead our long-term growth strategy;
- Analysis of granted and realizable Named Executive Officer compensation at Tyler and shareholder value created under multiple long-term growth scenarios.

After considering all of the factors outlined in this Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the Compensation Committee considered the overall compensation paid to our Named Executive Officers for 2025 to be appropriate and reasonable.

2026 Named Executive Officer Compensation

In February 2026, the Compensation Committee approved the following changes to 2025 total compensation for the Named Executive Officers:

Annual Salary

The Compensation Committee maintained the annual salaries of Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, and Mr. Puckett but increased the annual salary of Ms. Diaz to \$300,000 based on multiple factors, including the review of Peer Group and Radford Survey total compensation data relative to Named Executive Officer roles and compensation. Given his transition off the Board by May 2026, the Compensation Committee decreased Mr. Marr's annual salary to \$100,000.

Annual Incentive

The Compensation Committee maintained the current target bonus levels of 100% of base salary for Mr. Miller and Mr. Puckett and increased the target bonus level for Ms. Diaz to 100%. The Compensation Committee increased Mr. Moore's annual target bonus to 120%. (Mr. Marr did not receive an annual incentive.)

The annual incentive continues to be delivered in the form of short-term performance-based restricted stock units. To earn 100% of the target bonus under the 2026 Incentive Compensation Plan, the Company must achieve 2026 non-GAAP earnings per share between \$12.36 and \$12.61, as adjusted, to exclude share-based compensation expense, employer portion of payroll taxes on employee stock transactions, acquisition-related costs, lease restructuring and other asset write-offs, and expenses associated with amortization of intangibles arising from business combinations. The bonus is based on our operating plan, which was reviewed by the Compensation Committee. In order to achieve the threshold bonus of 50% of target, the Company must achieve non-GAAP earnings per share of \$11.86.

The short-term PSUs have a grant date of March 1, 2026, and vesting will be determined on the first anniversary based on the level of performance achieved. Upon vesting, the vested PSUs will be “settled” by our issuance to the holder, without any charge, of one share of our common stock for each vested PSU.

Long-Term Incentive

PSUs. For 2026, the Compensation Committee approved grants of long-term PSUs to Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, Mr. Puckett, and Ms. Diaz with a target value at grant of \$7,500,000; \$3,150,000; \$2,250,000; and \$1,400,000, respectively. The PSUs granted to our Named Executive Officers in 2026 reflect the Committee’s view of multiple factors, including the appropriate level of PSUs in total compensation value, and a review of peer and market data. (No PSUs were granted to Mr. Marr.)

Annual grants of long-term PSUs to the Named Executive Officers are subject to performance-based cliff vesting with a performance period of three years. In 2026, the performance measures used to determine the number of PSUs vested at the end of the three-year performance period are three-year adjusted cumulative recurring revenue growth over the period for half of the PSUs, and three-year net non-GAAP operating margin growth over the period as calculated for our quarterly earnings releases for the other half of units granted.

Performance levels for the long-term PSUs are reviewed by the Committee and approved each year based on multiple factors, including historic and expected performance against multi-year growth goals. In 2026, the performance goals exclude merchant fees associated with our payments business from the determination of adjusted non-GAAP revenue. Many of our payments clients prefer for us to assume responsibility for merchant fees, which are then passed through to the client as a part of our revenue, along with a margin (the “gross model”). In other cases, the client assumes responsibility for paying merchant fees, and only the applicable margin is included in our revenue (the “net model”). Because the revenue model applicable to each client and the associated impact on our revenue and net operating margin is based on the client’s choice of model and is outside of our control, we have determined that it is appropriate to exclude merchant fees for calculating performance goals for PSUs granted in 2026.

At grant, the total target value of awards, as set forth above, is divided into two equal parts, with 50% of PSUs granted subject to 3-year cumulative adjusted recurring revenue growth performance and the other 50% subject to 2028 net operating margin performance. The following table sets forth the performance criteria that must be met for 2026 PSUs granted under each performance measure to be earned and eligible for vesting, which are aligned with the near-term and mid-term targets set forth at our June 2023 Investor Day:

3-Year Cumulative Adjusted Recurring Revenue Growth ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of PSUs to be earned and eligible for vesting (%)
Under 22.5%	—
22.50% to 25.96%	50
25.97% to 31.28%	80
31.29% to 36.75%	100
36.76% to 42.37%	120
42.38% and above	150

1. Includes non-GAAP recurring revenue from an acquisition when total acquired company recurring revenue is less than or equal to 3% of Tyler recurring revenue. For an acquisition with recurring revenue run rate at the time of acquisition that is greater than 3% of Tyler recurring revenue, includes recurring revenue from the acquisition that is equal to 3% of Tyler recurring revenue at the time of acquisition. Adjusted recurring revenue determined as revenue from subscriptions and maintenance revenue categories, including transaction-based revenues, but excluding interchange, network association fees, third-party processing fees or other bank fees (collectively referred to as “merchant fees”).

2027 Net Adjusted Operating Margin ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of PSUs to be earned and eligible for vesting (%)
Under 28.5%	—
28.50% to 28.99%	50
29.00% to 29.49%	80
29.50% to 30.49%	100
30.50% to 30.99%	120
31.0% and above	150

1. Net Adjusted Operating Margin determined as non-GAAP operating profit (as calculated for our quarterly earnings releases) divided by total adjusted non-GAAP revenues, where merchant fees (i.e., interchange, network association fees, third-party processing fees or other bank fees) are excluded from total revenues.

RSUs. For 2026, the Compensation Committee approved grants of time-based restricted stock units (RSUs) with three-year, ratable vesting to Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, Mr. Puckett, and Ms. Diaz with a target value of \$1,250,000; \$500,000; \$250,000, and \$150,000, respectively. In making its decision to grant these RSU awards, the Committee considered, among other things, the role of RSUs as a retention tool, maintaining an appropriate balance of service-based and performance-based total compensation as part of our Named Executive Officers’ overall compensation package, and the prevalence of RSUs as an award vehicle within our Peer Group. (No RSUs were granted to Mr. Marr.)

Benefits

Our Named Executive Officers are eligible for the same benefits made available to other full-time employees generally, including our 401(k) Savings Plan, Employee Stock Purchase Plan, health and dental care plans, life insurance plans, disability plans, paid time off plan, parental leave plan and other welfare benefit programs.

Employment Agreements

Employment agreements with our Named Executive Officers support leadership team retention and operational stability. They also ensure continuation of the disciplined growth and operational execution we have relied upon to consistently deliver shareholder value and client satisfaction.

In 2022, we made the decision to move from five-year employment agreements to one-year employment agreements that automatically renew for an additional one-year term unless the Company or the NEO provides at least three months' notice of non-renewal. The 2022 agreements replaced and superseded the 2018 employment agreements that had been entered into with Mr. Marr, Mr. Moore, and Mr. Miller, which would have expired in February 2023. We also entered into a one-year employment agreement, subject to renewal as described above, with Mr. Puckett. Each of those agreements renewed in May 2025, per their terms, for a one-year renewal term. Other than our expiring agreement with Mr. Marr, we expect each to renew again in May 2026. Ms. Diaz is expected to enter into a similar one-year employment agreement in May of 2026.

Each employment agreement provides for minimum base salaries, annual performance bonuses, and equity grants determined by the Compensation Committee on an annual basis. These items were most recently set by the Compensation Committee in February 2026, as discussed above in "2026 Named Executive Officer Compensation." These executives also receive all employee benefits and perquisites (if any) normally offered to our employees.

Each agreement also provides for payment of accrued compensation as well as a severance payment equal to each executive's then-current base salary and target bonus upon (1) a termination of the executive's employment without cause or (2) a termination of employment by the executive for defined, and customary, "good reason" or by the Company without cause within twelve months following the occurrence of a change in control transaction. A change in control under the new agreements has the same definition as set forth in our Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan. The change in control severance payment reflects a "double trigger" mechanism, meaning that both a change in control transaction must have occurred and the NEO's employment must be terminated for "good reason" or without cause within the limited period of time following the change in control transaction. Each agreement also provides that we will continue to provide medical benefits for 12 months after a termination without cause, a termination due to disability, or a termination following a change in control. In the event of a termination without cause, a termination due to disability, a termination following a change in control, or the death of the executive, all unvested options, restricted stock units, or other equity awards outstanding as of the date of the executive's termination would immediately become fully vested and, as applicable, exercisable.

We developed this standard severance package because we believe it is necessary to attract and retain these qualified executive officers. We also believe these agreements are important to help minimize the distraction caused by a potential transaction and reduce the risk that any of these executive officers departs before an acquisition is consummated. We believe that a pre-existing plan allows these executive officers to focus on continuing normal business operations and the success of a potential business combination, rather than on seeking alternative employment. We further believe that our employment agreements ensure stability and will enable our executive officers to maintain a balanced perspective in making overall business decisions during a potentially uncertain period. The Compensation Committee applied its best judgment in developing the severance package after considering each executive's overall compensation package, the rapidly changing environment for technology-based companies, the average time required to obtain employment for equivalent job duties, and the amount paid to executives in the event of termination without cause or upon a change in control.

Other Important Elements of Our Executive Compensation

Executive Compensation Recovery Policy; Incentive Compensation Recovery Policy; Clawbacks or Forfeitures

Accountability is one of our fundamental Company values. To reinforce this value through our executive compensation program, the Board of Directors adopted an Executive Compensation Recovery Policy in February 2010. The policy applies to our Named Executive Officers, group and division presidents, senior financial management, and other key financial employees, and is included in the compensation plans for each such individual. Under this policy, if, in the opinion of the independent directors of the Board, an executive engages in fraud or intentional misconduct that causes a material restatement of our financial statements, then the independent directors shall have the discretion to use their best efforts to remedy the misconduct and prevent its recurrence. Based upon the facts and circumstances surrounding the restatement, the independent directors may direct the Company to recover all or a portion of any bonus or incentive compensation paid, adjust the future compensation of the executive, and dismiss, or take legal action against, the executive, in each case as the independent directors determine is in the Company's best interests. The remedies that may be sought by the independent directors are subject to a number of conditions, including that: (1) the bonus or incentive compensation to be recouped was calculated based upon the financial results that were restated; (2) the executive in question engaged in fraud or intentional misconduct; and (3) the bonus or incentive compensation calculated under the restated financial results is less than the amount actually paid or awarded.

Effective November 20, 2023, the Compensation Committee adopted an Incentive Compensation Recovery Policy. Under the policy, the Compensation Committee is responsible for taking reasonably prompt action after an accounting restatement to determine, and recover, any erroneously awarded incentive compensation. The Committee has broad discretion to determine the appropriate means of recovery. The policy applies to defined "Covered Executives," who are expected to acknowledge, in writing, the applicability of the policy to them.

The Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan includes a "clawback/forfeiture" provision pursuant to which the Compensation Committee may provide in any equity incentive award agreement that (1) the Compensation Committee may in its discretion cancel the award if the holder of the award engages in certain defined detrimental activity, and/or (2) the holder of an award is required to repay any amount in excess of what the holder should have received, whether by reason of a financial restatement, mistake in calculations, administrative error, or otherwise. In addition, all awards would be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture, or recoupment as required under applicable law.

Stock Ownership Requirements

Our Named Executive Officers and other senior Company executives are also subject to minimum stock ownership requirements. Please see "Stock Ownership Guidelines" above for more information.

Anti-Hedging and Pledging

We maintain a Stock Anti-Hedging and Pledging Policy, described in the "Corporate Governance Principles—Stock Anti-Hedging and Pledging Policy" section, to prohibit our executives from engaging in transactions that could reduce or limit their holdings, ownership or interest in Company securities and to discourage our executives from pledging Company securities or from holding Company securities in margin accounts.

Frequency of Say-on-Pay Vote

The Board of Directors has submitted an advisory vote on executive compensation to our shareholders since the 2017 annual meeting of shareholders. In 2023, shareholders voted in favor of continuing the annual advisory vote. The annual proposal gives our shareholders the opportunity to vote to approve or not approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of our Named Executive Officers.

Annual Assessment of Risks Associated with our Compensation Policies and Programs

The Compensation Committee oversees risks related to the Company's executive compensation practices and reviews the results of the Company's enterprise risk assessment, with particular attention to risks related to the Company's use of, and degree of use of, equity incentive-based compensation as a portion of the total compensation paid to the Company's officers. The Compensation Committee has assessed our compensation programs and has concluded that they do not create risks that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company. We believe that the combination of different types and amounts of compensation, and the performance measures used, together with our internal controls and oversight of the Board of Directors, mitigates potential compensation-related risks.

Compensation Committee Report

The Compensation Committee has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis required by Item 402(b) of the SEC's Regulation S-K with management and based on such review and discussions, the Compensation Committee recommended to the Board of Directors, and the Board of Directors has approved, that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this proxy statement.

This report is submitted by the Compensation Committee.

Daniel M. Pope, Chair
Glenn A. Carter
Ronnie D. Hawkins, Jr.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

In 2025, the Compensation Committee consisted of Daniel M. Pope (Chair), Glenn A. Carter, and Ronnie D. Hawkins, Jr. No member of the Compensation Committee was an officer or employee of the Company. None of our executive officers served on the compensation committee or equivalent of any other entity.

Executive Compensation

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the compensation paid to our Named Executive Officers for all of the services they rendered to us during 2025, 2024, and 2023:

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Option Awards (\$) ⁽²⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$) ⁽³⁾	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$) ⁽⁴⁾	Total (\$)
John S. Marr, Jr. Executive Chairperson of the Board	2025	300,000	—	899,260	—	—	—	7,212	1,206,472
	2024	300,000	—	899,436	—	—	—	7,500	1,206,936
	2023	300,000	—	899,482	—	—	—	7,500	1,206,982
H. Lynn Moore, Jr. President and Chief Executive Officer	2025	675,000	—	8,173,649	—	—	—	9,721	8,858,370
	2024	675,000	—	8,174,286	—	—	—	10,350	8,859,636
	2023	675,000	—	8,343,692	—	—	—	9,900	9,028,592
Brian K. Miller Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	2025	425,000	—	3,923,765	—	—	—	12,132	4,360,897
	2024	425,000	—	3,924,451	—	—	—	12,765	4,362,216
	2023	425,000	—	4,030,583	—	—	—	12,885	4,468,468
Jeffrey D. Puckett Chief Operating Officer	2025	325,000	—	2,673,441	—	—	—	7,368	3,005,809
	2024	325,000	—	2,674,499	—	—	—	7,618	3,007,117
	2023	325,000	—	2,555,722	—	—	—	7,542	2,888,264
Abigail M. Diaz Chief Administrative Officer ⁽⁵⁾	2025	285,000	—	1,563,057	—	—	—	6,214	1,854,271
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

- The reported amounts represent the aggregate grant date fair value of awards of restricted stock units and performance-based restricted stock units, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, and, for performance-based restricted stock units, assume performance at the target level for each such award.
- Represents aggregate grant date fair value of awards granted and calculated in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. Such grants provide our executive officers the opportunity to purchase shares of Tyler common stock at some future date at the fair market value of the stock on the date of grant. For additional information on the valuation assumptions, refer to Note 14 of the Tyler Technologies' financial statements in the Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, as filed with the SEC. This fair value does not represent cash received by the executive in the relevant year, but potential earnings contingent on Tyler's future performance. Stock option grants are designed to provide long-term (up to ten years) incentives and rewards linked directly to the price of our common stock. Stock options add value to the recipient only when shareholders benefit from stock price appreciation and, as such, further align management's interest with those of our shareholders.
- These amounts consist of amounts earned under Tyler's incentive compensation plan for each respective year and generally paid in the following year.

4. All other compensation includes amounts contributed or accrued by Tyler under our 401(k) Savings Plan and tickets to sporting events.

5. Ms. Diaz was designated a Named Executive Officer in May 2025.

Pay Versus Performance

Pay Versus Performance Table. As required by Section 953(a) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and Item 402(v) of Regulation S-K, the following additional compensation information is provided for our Chief Executive Officer as our principal executive officer (PEO) and our other Named Executive Officers (Other NEOs), in addition to total shareholder return, net income, and non-GAAP recurring revenue performance results for fiscal years 2021 through 2025.

Year	Summary Compensation Table Total for PEO ⁽¹⁾ (\$)	Compensation Actually Paid to PEO ⁽²⁾ (\$)	Average Summary Compensation Table Total for Other NEOs ⁽³⁾ (\$)	Average Compensation Actually Paid to Other NEOs ⁽⁴⁾ (\$)	Value of \$100 Initial Fixed Investment Based on TSR ⁽⁵⁾ (\$)	Value of \$100 Initial Fixed Investment Based on Peer Group TSR ⁽⁶⁾ (\$)	Net Income (In thousands)	Non-GAAP Recurring Revenue ⁽⁷⁾ (\$)
2025	8,858,370	5,427,418	2,606,862	1,657,801	104	157	315,603	2,031,817
2024	8,859,636	19,476,980	2,858,756	6,217,068	132	162	263,026	1,806,063
2023	9,028,592	14,199,773	2,854,571	4,639,845	96	118	165,919	1,626,173
2022	6,197,162	(3,366,114)	2,344,425	(1,734,306)	74	69	164,240	1,480,759
2021	5,590,005	14,936,995	2,409,118	6,675,726	123	97	161,458	1,261,400

- For the years 2021 through 2025, this is the total compensation, as depicted in the Summary Compensation Table above, for Chief Executive Officer H. Lynn Moore, Jr., our Principal Executive Officer (PEO).
- Represents the amount of "compensation actually paid" to Mr. Moore, as determined in accordance with Item 402(v) of Regulation S-K. The figures presented do not reflect the actual amount of compensation earned by or paid to Mr. Moore during the applicable year. In accordance with the requirements of Item 402(v) of Regulation S-K, the adjustments in the table below were made to Mr. Moore's total compensation for each year to determine the "compensation actually paid":

Adjustments to determine Compensation Actually Paid for PEO	2025 (\$)	2024 (\$)	2023 (\$)	2022 (\$)	2021 (\$)
Total reported in Summary Compensation Table (SCT)	8,858,370	8,859,636	9,028,592	6,197,162	5,590,005
Less, value of stock & option awards reported in SCT	(8,173,649)	(8,174,286)	(8,343,692)	(5,584,945)	(5,052,575)
Less, change in pension value and non-qualified deferred compensation earnings in SCT	—	—	—	—	—
Plus, pension service cost and impact of pension plan amendments	—	—	—	—	—
Plus, year-end value of awards granted in fiscal year that are unvested and outstanding	7,444,099	12,945,856	10,639,900	4,894,336	7,141,556
Plus, change in fair value of prior year awards that are outstanding and unvested	(2,761,086)	4,991,075	2,038,950	(5,684,175)	6,633,151
Plus, fair value of awards granted this year and that vested this year	—	—	—	—	—
Plus, change in fair value (from prior year-end) of prior year awards that vested this year	59,684	854,698	836,023	(3,188,491)	624,859
Less, prior year fair value of prior year awards that failed to vest this year	—	—	—	—	—
"Compensation Actually Paid"	5,427,418	19,476,980	14,199,773	(3,366,114)	14,936,995

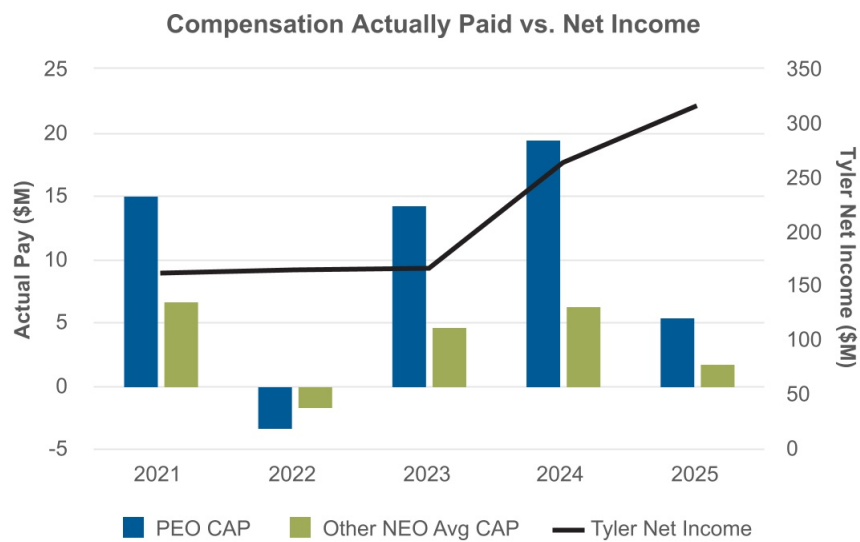
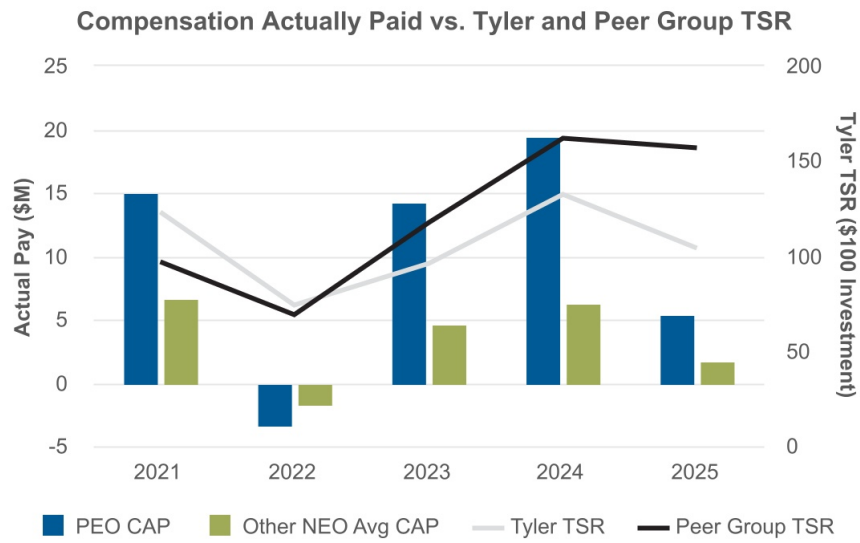
3. Represents the average of the amounts reported for the company's named executive officers as a group (excluding Mr. Moore) in the "Total" column of the Summary Compensation Table in each applicable year: Messrs. Marr, Miller, Puckett, and Ms. Diaz in 2025; and Messrs. Marr, Miller, and Puckett in 2021 through 2024
4. Represents the amount of "compensation actually paid" to the company's named executive officers as a group (excluding Mr. Moore), as determined in accordance with Item 402(v) of Regulation S-K. The figures presented do not reflect the actual amount of compensation earned by or paid to the named executive officers during the applicable year. In accordance with the requirements of Item 402(v) of Regulation S-K, the adjustments in the table below were made to average total compensation for the named executive officers as a group (excluding Mr. Moore) for each year to determine the "compensation actually paid":

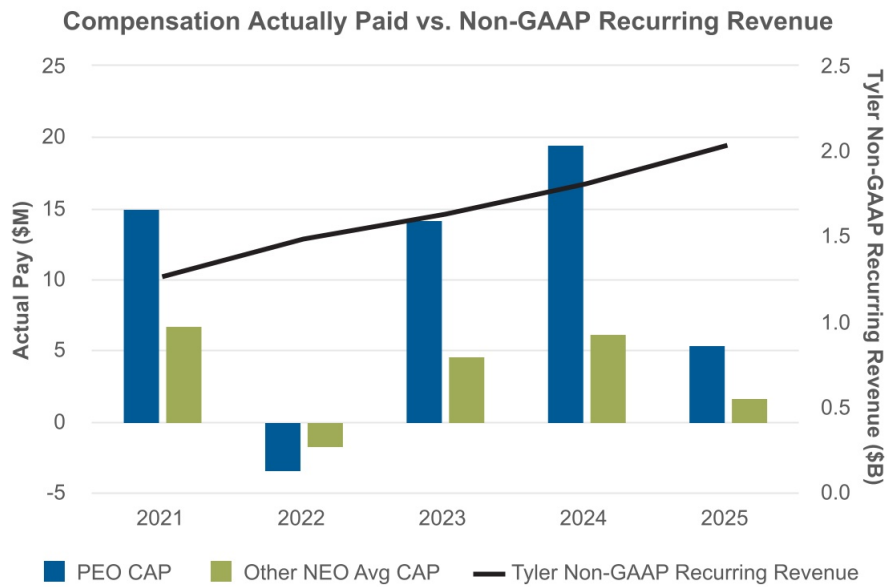
Adjustments to determine Compensation Actually Paid for Other NEOs	2025 (\$)	2024 (\$)	2023 (\$)	2022 (\$)	2021 (\$)
Total reported in Summary Compensation Table (SCT)	2,606,862	2,858,756	2,854,571	2,344,425	2,409,118
Less, value of stock & option awards reported in SCT	(2,264,881)	(2,499,462)	(2,495,262)	(1,997,451)	(2,066,716)
Less, change in pension value and non-qualified deferred compensation earnings in SCT	—	—	—	—	—
Plus, pension service cost and impact of pension plan amendments	—	—	—	—	—
Plus, year-end value of awards granted in fiscal year that are unvested and outstanding	2,077,672	3,970,839	3,163,496	1,773,552	2,888,432
Plus, change in fair value of prior year awards that are outstanding and unvested	(755,096)	1,537,639	761,435	(2,303,705)	3,127,295
Plus, fair value of awards granted this year and that vested this year	—	—	—	—	—
Plus, change in fair value (from prior year-end) of prior year awards that vested this year	(6,757)	349,295	355,605	(1,551,127)	317,596
Less, prior year fair value of prior year awards that failed to vest this year	—	—	—	—	—
"Compensation Actually Paid"	1,657,801	6,217,068	4,639,845	(1,734,306)	6,675,726

5. For the relevant fiscal year, represents an initial \$100 investment, measured on a cumulative basis from the market close on December 31, 2021, through and including the end of the fiscal year for which TSR is being presented in the table.
6. The Company's peer group, described above under "Peer Group," was used for the purposes of calculating peer group total shareholder return. Peer Group TSR was calculated on a market-capitalization-weighted basis according to the respective issuers' stock market capitalization at the beginning of each period for which a return was indicated. TSR represents an initial \$100 investment, measured on a cumulative basis from the market close on December 31, 2021, through and including the end of the fiscal year for which TSR is being presented in the table.
7. Non-GAAP Recurring Revenue is the company-selected financial performance measure that, in our assessment, represents the most important performance measure used to link compensation actually paid to our named executive officers to company performance for the most recently completed fiscal year.

Relationship between Pay and Performance. The graphs below illustrate the relationship between "compensation actually paid" to our Chief Executive Officer and other named executive officers from 2021 through 2025 and Company and Peer Group TSR, Company net income, and Company non-GAAP recurring revenue.

"Compensation actually paid" (CAP), as required under SEC rules, reflects adjusted values to unvested and vested equity awards during the years shown based on year-end stock prices, various accounting valuation assumptions, and projected performance modifiers, but does not reflect actual amounts paid under those awards. Fluctuations in CAP are generally due to stock price and varying levels of the projected and actual achievement of performance goals (as reflected in the significant decrease to 2022 CAP). For a discussion of how our Compensation Committee assessed our performance and our Named Executive Officers' pay each year, refer to the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" in this Proxy Statement and the Proxy Statements for 2021, 2022, 2023, and 2024.





Important Financial Performance Measures. The table below provides an unranked list of the most important financial performance measures, including the Company-Selected Measure, used by the Company to link CAP for all NEOs to Company performance for 2025.

Non-GAAP Recurring Revenue

Non-GAAP Operating Margin

Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share

CEO Pay Ratio

Our CEO-to-median-employee pay ratio is calculated in accordance with Item 402(u) of the SEC's Regulation S-K. We identified the median employee by examining the annual total compensation for all our employees who were employed by us on December 31, 2025, excluding our Chief Executive Officer and certain employees under the regulation's de minimis exemption provision which allows us to exclude up to 5% of our total employees. Accordingly, in identifying the median employee, we used the de minimis exemption to exclude seasonal, temporary, and non-benefits-eligible part-time employees. To determine the median employee, we calculated the total annual compensation for each of our 7,790 employees as the sum of the following amounts:

- Annual base pay and commissions, if applicable
- Tyler's matching contributions to the employee's 401(k) Plan account
- Calendar year cash bonus
- Calendar year share-based awards (incentive or nonqualified stock options and restricted stock units)

We believe the use of these components for all employees is a consistently applied compensation measure that includes all the compensation elements that are widely distributed throughout our organization, including retirement benefits. We calculated annual total compensation for the median employee using the same methodology we use for our Named Executive Officers as set forth in the 2025 Summary Compensation Table included in this Proxy Statement. The total annual compensation calculated for our CEO was \$8,858,370 and for our median employee was \$102,461. The resulting ratio for our CEO's pay compared with the pay of our median employee for 2025 is 86.5 to 1.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards in 2025

The following table sets forth certain information relating to grants of plan-based awards to the Named Executive Officers during 2025:

Name	Grant Date	Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards ⁽¹⁾		Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards ⁽²⁾			All Other Option Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Options (#) ⁽³⁾	Exercise or Base Price of Option Awards (\$/Sh)	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards (\$) ⁽⁴⁾
		Target (\$)	Maximum (\$)	Threshold (#)	Target (#)	Maximum (#)			
John S. Marr, Jr.	3/1/2025			370	739	1,109			
	3/1/2025			370	739	1,109			
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	3/1/2025			—	1,643	—			
	3/1/2025			2,671	5,341	8,012			
	3/1/2025			2,671	5,341	8,012			
	3/1/2025			555	1,109	1,664			
	3/1/2025			—	821	—			
Brian K. Miller	3/1/2025			1,233	2,465	3,698			
	3/1/2025			1,233	2,465	3,698			
	3/1/2025			349	698	1,047			
	3/1/2025			—	410	—			
Jeffrey D. Puckett	3/1/2025			863	1,725	2,588			
	3/1/2025			863	1,725	2,588			
	3/1/2025			267	534	801			
Abigail M. Diaz	3/1/2025			—	82	—			
	3/1/2025			534	1,068	1,602			
	3/1/2025			534	1,068	1,602			
	3/1/2025			176	351	527			
	3/1/2025								

1. The target and maximum plan award amounts reported in these columns are derived from our 2025 Incentive Compensation Plan. The actual payout amounts for 2025 are set forth in the Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation column of our Summary Compensation Table.
2. The target and maximum plan performance-based restricted stock unit awards reported in these columns are derived from our 2025 Incentive Compensation Plan. The actual vested amounts for 2025 are set forth in the 2025 Equity Incentive Plan Compensation column of our Summary Compensation Table.

3. No options were awarded in 2025.
4. The aggregate grant date fair value is determined in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718, Stock Compensation, and does not represent cash received by the Named Executive Officers in 2025. The grant date fair value represents potential earnings contingent on Tyler's future performance. Stock option grants are designed to provide long-term (up to ten years) incentives and rewards linked directly to the price of our common stock. Stock options add value to the recipient only when shareholders benefit from stock price appreciation and, as such, further align management's interest with those of our shareholders.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Year-End

The following table shows outstanding equity awards for each of the Named Executive Officers at December 31, 2025:

Name	Grant Date	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable (#)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Unexercisable (#) ⁽¹⁾	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock that have not vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock that have not vested ⁽²⁾ (\$)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights that have not vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights that have not vested ⁽³⁾ (\$)
John S. Marr, Jr.	3/1/2025							739	335,469
	3/1/2025							739	335,469
	3/1/2024							1,020	463,029
	3/1/2024							1,020	463,029
	3/1/2023							1,405	637,800
	3/1/2023							1,405	637,800
	12/1/2022	3,750	—	352	12/1/2032				
	6/1/2022	3,750	—	346	6/1/2032				
	12/1/2021	3,750	—	502	12/1/2031				
	6/1/2021	3,750	—	402	6/1/2031				
	12/1/2020	3,750	—	432	12/1/2030				
	6/1/2020	3,750	—	376	6/1/2030				
	12/1/2019	875	—	290	12/1/2029				

Name	Grant Date	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable (#)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Unexercisable (#) ⁽¹⁾	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock that have not vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock that have not vested ⁽²⁾ (\$)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights that have not vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights that have not vested ⁽³⁾ (\$)
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	3/1/2025					1,643	745,840		
	3/1/2024					1,512	686,372		
	3/1/2023					1,042	473,016		
	3/1/2025							5,341	2,424,547
	3/1/2025							5,341	2,424,547
	3/1/2025							1,109	503,431
	3/1/2024							7,371	3,346,065
	3/1/2024							7,371	3,346,065
	3/1/2023							10,153	4,608,954
	3/1/2023							10,153	4,608,954
	12/1/2022	10,000	—	352	12/1/2032				
	6/1/2022	10,000	—	346	6/1/2032				
	12/1/2021	9,000	—	502	12/1/2031				
	6/1/2021	8,752	—	402	6/1/2031				
	12/1/2020	11,250	—	432	12/1/2030				
	6/1/2020	11,250	—	376	6/1/2030				
	12/1/2019	11,250	—	290	12/1/2029				
	2/26/2018	69,250	—	206	2/26/2028				
Brian K. Miller	3/1/2025					821	372,693		
	3/1/2024					756	343,186		
	3/1/2023					464	210,633		
	3/1/2025							2,465	1,118,987
	3/1/2025							2,465	1,118,987
	3/1/2025							698	316,857
	3/1/2024							3,402	1,544,338
	3/1/2024							3,402	1,544,338
	3/1/2023							4,771	2,165,795
	3/1/2023							4,771	2,165,795
	12/1/2022	5,000	—	352	12/1/2032				
	6/1/2022	1,667	—	346	6/1/2032				
	12/1/2021	6,000	—	502	12/1/2031				
	12/1/2020	4,000	—	432	12/1/2030				

Name	Grant Date	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable (#)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Unexercisable (#) ⁽¹⁾	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock that have not vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock that have not vested ⁽²⁾ (\$)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights that have not vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights that have not vested ⁽³⁾ (\$)
Jeffery D. Puckett	3/1/2025					410	186,120		
	3/1/2024					378	171,593		
	3/1/2023					261	118,481		
	3/1/2025							1,725	783,064
	3/1/2025							1,725	783,064
	3/1/2025							534	242,409
	3/1/2024							2,381	1,080,855
	3/1/2024							2,381	1,080,855
	3/1/2023							2,967	1,346,870
	3/1/2023							2,967	1,346,870
	12/1/2022	3,250	—	352	12/1/2032				
	6/1/2022	3,250	—	346	6/1/2032				
	12/1/2021	2,350	—	502	12/1/2031				
	6/1/2021	2,350	—	402	6/1/2031				
	12/1/2020	2,500	—	432	12/1/2030				
	6/1/2020	2,500	—	376	6/1/2030				
	12/1/2019	2,500	—	290	12/1/2029				
	6/1/2019	2,500	—	213	6/1/2029				
	12/1/2018	2,500	—	193	12/1/2028				
	6/1/2018	2,500	—	232	6/1/2028				
	12/1/2017	5,000	—	182	12/1/2027				
	6/1/2017	5,000	—	171	6/1/2027				
	12/1/2016	8,500	—	143	12/1/2026				

Name	Grant Date	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable (#)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Unexercisable (#) ⁽¹⁾	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock that have not vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock that have not vested ⁽²⁾ (\$)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights that have not vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights that have not vested ⁽³⁾ (\$)
Abigail M. Diaz	3/1/2025					82	37,224		
	3/1/2024					76	34,500		
	3/1/2023					67	30,415		
	3/1/2025							1,068	484,819
	3/1/2025							1,068	484,819
	3/1/2025							351	159,336
	3/1/2024							1,333	605,115
	3/1/2024							1,333	605,115
	3/1/2023							1,750	794,413
	3/1/2023							1,750	794,413
	12/1/2022	1,200	400	352	12/1/2032				
	6/1/2022	1,200	400	346	6/1/2032				
	12/1/2021	1,280	320	502	12/1/2031				
	6/1/2021	1,280	320	402	6/1/2031				
	12/1/2020	2,500	—	432	12/1/2030				
	6/1/2020	234	—	376	6/1/2030				
	12/1/2019	307	—	290	12/1/2029				

1. Stock options expire on the tenth anniversary of the date of grant. All stock options vest ratably over a five-year period beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date. Beginning in 2016, stock options granted to persons who are at least fifty years of age and have a tenure with the Company of at least 15 years vest ratably over a three-year period beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date, and stock options granted to others vest over a five-year period beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date. Stock options granted on February 26, 2018, vest and become exercisable ratably on the first, second, third, fourth, and fifth anniversaries of the date of grant date.
2. Value based on \$453.95, which was the closing market price of our common stock on December 31, 2025. The restricted stock units vest in equal installments on the first, second, third, fourth, and fifth anniversary of the date of the employment agreement. Vesting of restricted stock awards is subject to continued status as an eligible person (as defined in the Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan).
3. Value based on \$453.95, which was the closing market price of our common stock on December 31, 2025. The performance-based restricted stock units cliff vest at the end of a three-year performance period. The performance measure used to determine the number of restricted stock units vested at the end of the three-year performance period is average three-year revenue growth over that period adjusted to exclude material acquisitions completed during the performance period.

Option Exercises and Stock Vested

The following table sets forth information regarding stock option exercises and the value realized upon exercise, as well as all stock awards vested and the value realized upon vesting by our NEOs during the year ended December 31, 2025:

Name	Option Awards		Stock Awards	
	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized on Exercise (\$)	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#)	Value Realized on Vesting (\$)
John S. Marr, Jr.	30,125	10,274,230	—	—
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	30,998	12,182,751	9,961	6,060,571
Brian K. Miller	3,333	741,896	5,638	3,430,328
Jeffrey D. Puckett	8,500	3,856,319	3,750	2,281,613
Abigail M. Diaz	266	52,765	2,230	1,356,799

Potential Payments Under 2025 Employment Agreements

Consistent with the terms of their respective employment agreements, as discussed above, Mr. Marr, Mr. Moore, Mr. Miller, Mr. Puckett would have been eligible to receive the payments set forth in the table below had their employment been terminated on December 31, 2025, including if a change in control had occurred during 2025. As noted, Ms. Diaz did not have an employment agreement in 2025, so she is not included in the chart below.

Name	Termination Without Cause				Upon a Change in Control ⁽¹⁾			
	Lump Sum Severance and Non-Compete Payment (\$)	Continuation of Health Care Benefit (\$)	Accelerated Vesting of Stock Options (\$)	Accelerated Vesting of Restricted Stock Units (\$)	Lump Sum Severance and Non-Compete Payment (\$)	Continuation of Health Care Benefit (\$)	Accelerated Vesting of Stock Options (\$)	Accelerated Vesting of Restricted Stock Units (\$)
John S. Marr, Jr.	300,000	23,812	25,151	1,273,905	300,000	23,812	25,151	1,273,905
H. Lynn Moore, Jr.	1,350,000	23,812	67,084	10,903,903	1,350,000	23,812	67,084	10,903,903
Brian K. Miller	850,000	18,181	33,542	5,133,963	850,000	18,181	33,542	5,133,963
Jeffrey D. Puckett	650,000	10,907	21,811	3,435,168	650,000	10,907	21,811	3,435,168

1. Payments would only be made upon the occurrence of a change in control if, additionally, the NEO's employment was terminated for "good reason" or without cause within 12 months following the occurrence of a change in control transaction.

Other Helpful Information

Reminder: Shareholders are being asked to vote on the following matters at the 2026 Annual Meeting.

Proposal	Description	Vote Requirement for Approval	Board Recommendation	Effect of Abstentions	Effect of Broker Non-Votes
Proposal One	Election of Directors	Majority of votes cast	FOR	No effect	No effect
Proposal Two	Advisory Approval of Our Executive Compensation	Majority of shares present in person or represented by proxy	FOR	Counted as "AGAINST"	No effect
Proposal Three	Ratification of Our Independent Auditors for Fiscal Year 2026	Majority of shares present in person or represented by proxy	FOR	Counted as "AGAINST"	Discretionary vote
Proposal Four	Shareholder Proposal Regarding Political Spending	Majority of shares present in person or represented by proxy	AGAINST	Counted as "AGAINST"	No effect

Voting your shares. Your shares will be voted at the Annual Meeting as you direct using one of the methods provided. No proxy can vote for more than eight nominees for director. As a stockholder of record, if you return a proxy but fail to indicate how you wish your shares to be voted, then your shares will be voted in accordance with the Board's recommendations as set forth above.



Voting by internet: Go to www.proxyvote.com to transmit your voting instructions up until 11:59 P.M. Eastern Time the day before the meeting date. The availability of internet voting for beneficial owners will depend on the voting processes of your broker, bank or nominee. We recommend that you follow the voting instructions in the materials you receive.



Voting by phone: Call 1-800-690-6903 using a touch-tone phone to transmit your voting instructions up until 11:59 P.M. Eastern Time the day before the meeting date. The availability of voting by phone for beneficial owners will depend on the voting processes of your broker, bank or nominee. We recommend that you follow the voting instructions in the materials you receive.



Voting by mail: Complete, sign and date the proxy card and return it in the prepaid envelope. If you are a shareholder of record and you return your signed proxy card without indicating your voting preferences, the persons named in the proxy card will vote FOR each nominee for director named in Proposal One, FOR Proposal Two, FOR Proposal Three, AGAINST **Proposal Four**.

You may also vote in person at the Annual Meeting by following the instructions provided below.



Meeting Date and Time:
Tuesday, May 5, 2026, at 9:00 a.m., Central Time



Place:
www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/TYL2026



Record Date:
March 13, 2026

On March 13, 2026, we had 42,453,700 shares of common stock issued and outstanding. Each shareholder will be entitled to one vote, in person or by proxy, for each share of common stock held in their name.

Meeting quorum. A majority of our shares of common stock must be present, either in person or by proxy, to constitute a quorum for action at the Annual Meeting.

How to access the meeting: Visit www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/TYL2026 and enter the 16-digit control number found on the proxy card, voting instruction form, or notice of internet availability of proxy materials previously received. We encourage shareholders to log in to the website and access the webcast before the meeting's start time.

Voting and questions during the meeting: Shareholders who enter their 16-digit control number may vote and ask questions during the Annual Meeting by following the instructions available on the meeting website. Those without a control number may attend as guests of the meeting, but they will not have the option to vote their shares or participate during the meeting.

Abstentions and broker non-votes. Abstentions and broker non-votes are counted for purposes of determining a quorum and otherwise as shares present in person or represented by proxy. Abstentions and broker non-votes are not counted as votes cast for purposes of determining whether a proposal requiring a majority of votes cast has been approved. Withholding authority to vote with respect any director nominee for Proposal One will also not be counted as a vote cast for that director nominee.

Shares held in "street name." If your shares are held in "street name" (the name of a broker, bank, or other nominee), you have the right to direct your broker, bank, or nominee how to vote. If you do not provide voting instructions, under New York Stock Exchange rules, your broker, bank, or nominee may only vote your shares on "discretionary" items. Proposals One (approval of election of directors), Two (approval of advisory vote on executive compensation), Four (approval of shareholder proposal regarding political spending), Five (approval of amendments to Restated Certificate of Incorporation to eliminate supermajority voting standards) and Six (approval of amendment to the written consent right in the Restated Certificate of Incorporation to incorporate existing corresponding provisions in the Company's Bylaws) are "non-discretionary" items. Your broker, bank, or nominee may not vote your shares on these items in the absence of voting instructions, which will result in "broker non-votes" with respect to your shares. Proposal Three (ratification of independent auditors) is considered a discretionary item and may be voted in the absence of instructions.

Revoking your proxy. After you sign and return your proxy, you may revoke it prior to the meeting either by (1) filing a written notice of revocation at our corporate headquarters, (2) attending the annual meeting and voting your shares in person, or (3) delivering to us another duly executed proxy that is dated after the initial proxy.

Proxy expenses. We will bear the expense of preparing, printing, and mailing the proxy solicitation material and the proxy, as applicable.

Proxy solicitation. In addition to use of the mail, we may solicit proxies by personal interview or telephone by our directors, officers, and employees. We may also engage the services of a proxy solicitation firm to assist us in the solicitation.

Distribution of proxies for the Annual Meeting. We estimate that the fee of any such firm will not exceed \$25,000, plus reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. Arrangements may also be made with brokerage houses and other custodians, nominees, and fiduciaries for the forwarding of solicitation material to record shareholders, and we may reimburse them for their reasonable out-of-pocket expenses.

Shareholder Proposals

Proxy Statement Proposals

Under SEC rules, if any Tyler shareholder wishes to submit proposals for the proxy statement for next year's annual meeting of shareholders, such proposal must be received by Tyler on or before November 23, 2026. Such proposal must be made in accordance with Rule 14a-8 promulgated by the SEC and the interpretations thereof. Any such proposal should be sent to the Company at 5101 Tennyson Parkway, Plano, Texas 75024, Attention: Corporate Secretary.

Other Proposals and Nominations

Our bylaws govern the submission of nominations for director or other business proposals that a shareholder wishes to have considered at a meeting of shareholders, but which are not included in Tyler's proxy statement for that meeting. Under our bylaws, nominations for director or other business proposals to be addressed at our next annual meeting may be made by a shareholder entitled to vote who has delivered a notice to the Corporate Secretary not less than 90 days (February 4, 2027) nor more than 120 days (January 5, 2027) prior to the anniversary date of the immediately preceding annual meeting. The notice must contain the information required by the bylaws.

To comply with the universal proxy rules, shareholders who intend to solicit proxies in support of director nominees other than Tyler's nominees must provide notice that sets forth the information required by Rule 14a-19 under the Exchange Act and our bylaws not less than 120 days (January 5, 2027) nor more than 150 days (December 6, 2026) prior to the anniversary date of the immediately preceding annual meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,



Abigail Diaz

Chief Administrative Officer
Corporate Secretary

Plano, Texas
March 23, 2026

Appendix A - Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The operating results analyzed below are presented on a non-GAAP basis. We use these non-GAAP financial measures internally in analyzing our financial results and believe they are useful to investors, as a supplement to GAAP measures, in evaluating Tyler's ongoing operational performance because they provide additional insight in comparing results from period to period while isolating the effects of some items that vary from period to period without correlation to core operating performance. Tyler believes the use of these non-GAAP financial measures provides an additional tool for investors to use in evaluating ongoing operating results and trends and in comparing our financial results with other companies in our industry, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures.

Non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for, or superior to, financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. The non-GAAP measures used by Tyler Technologies may be different from non-GAAP measures used by other companies. Amounts below are in thousands, except per share data.

Reconciliation of non-GAAP operating income and margin	Twelve Months Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
GAAP operating income	\$ 357,676	\$ 299,526
Non-GAAP adjustments:		
Add: Share-based compensation expense	151,276	122,813
Add: Employer portion of payroll tax related to employee stock transactions	2,966	3,606
Add: Acquisition-related costs	714	29
Add: Lease restructuring costs and other	165	1,250
Add: Amortization of acquired software	37,435	36,964
Add: Amortization of other intangibles	56,419	59,627
Non-GAAP adjustments subtotal	\$ 248,975	\$ 224,289
Non-GAAP operating income	\$ 606,651	\$ 523,815
GAAP operating margin	15.3%	14.0%
Non-GAAP operating margin	26.0%	24.5%

Reconciliation of non-GAAP net income and earnings per share	Twelve Months Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
GAAP net income	\$ 315,603	\$ 263,026
Non-GAAP adjustments:		
Add: Total non-GAAP adjustments to operating income	248,975	224,289
Less: Income tax impact	(69,126)	(71,999)
Non-GAAP net income	\$ 495,452	\$ 415,316
GAAP earnings per diluted share	7.20	6.05
Non-GAAP earnings per diluted share	11.31	9.55

Weighted average common shares outstanding	Twelve Months Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Basic	43,095	42,611
Diluted	43,812	43,497



Empowering people who serve the public®



TYLER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
ATTN: BRIAN MILLER
5101 TENNYSON PARKWAY
PLANO, TX 75024



SCAN TO
VIEW MATERIALS & VOTE



VOTE BY INTERNET

Before The Meeting - Go to www.proxyvote.com or scan the QR Barcode above

Use the Internet to transmit your voting instructions and for electronic delivery of information. Vote by 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time on May 4, 2026. Have your proxy card in hand when you access the web site and follow the instructions to obtain your records and to create an electronic voting instruction form.

During The Meeting - Go to www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/TYL2026

You may attend the meeting via the Internet and vote during the meeting. Have the information that is printed in the box marked by the arrow available and follow the instructions.

VOTE BY PHONE - 1-800-690-6903

Use any touch-tone telephone to transmit your voting instructions. Vote by 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time on May 4, 2026. Have your proxy card in hand when you call and then follow the instructions.

VOTE BY MAIL

Mark, sign and date your proxy card and return it in the postage-paid envelope we have provided or return it to Vote Processing, c/o Broadridge, 51 Mercedes Way, Edgewood, NY 11717.

TO VOTE, MARK BLOCKS BELOW IN BLUE OR BLACK INK AS FOLLOWS:

V86377-P42482

KEEP THIS PORTION FOR YOUR RECORDS
DETACH AND RETURN THIS PORTION ONLY

THIS PROXY CARD IS VALID ONLY WHEN SIGNED AND DATED.

TYLER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

The Board of Directors recommends you vote **FOR** each of the following:

1. Election of Directors

Nominees:

01) Glenn A. Carter	05) Cecil W. Jones
02) Margot L. Carter	06) H. Lynn Moore, Jr.
03) Brenda A. Cline	07) Daniel M. Pope
04) Ronnie D. Hawkins, Jr.	08) Andrew D. Teed

For All
All
For All
Except

☐ ☐ ☐

To withhold authority to vote for any individual nominee(s), mark "For All Except" and write the number(s) of the nominee(s) on the line below.

The Board of Directors recommends you vote **FOR** proposals 2 and 3.

2. Advisory Approval of Our Executive Compensation.

3. Ratification of Our Independent Auditors for Fiscal Year 2026.

The Board of Directors recommends you vote **AGAINST** proposal 4.

4. Shareholder Proposal Regarding Political Spending.

For Against Abstain

☐ ☐ ☐

☐ ☐ ☐

For Against Abstain

☐ ☐ ☐

NOTE: Such other business as may properly come before the meeting or any adjournment thereof.

Please sign exactly as your name(s) appear(s) hereon. When signing as attorney, executor, administrator, or other fiduciary, please give full title as such. Joint owners should each sign personally. All holders must sign. If a corporation or partnership, please sign in full corporate or partnership name by authorized officer.

Signature [PLEASE SIGN WITHIN BOX]

Date

Signature (Joint Owners)

Date

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Annual Meeting:
The Proxy Statement and Annual Report are available at www.proxyvote.com.

V86378-P42482

**TYLER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
Annual Meeting of Shareholders
May 5, 2026 9:00 AM Central Time
This proxy is solicited by the Board of Directors**

The undersigned hereby (1) acknowledges receipt of the Notice, dated March 23, 2026, of the Annual Meeting of Shareholders in Tyler Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") to be conducted via live webcast at www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/TYL2026 on May 5, 2026, at 9:00 a.m. Central Time, and the Proxy Statement in connection therewith, and (2) appoints Glenn A. Carter and H. Lynn Moore, Jr., and each of them, their proxies with full power of substitution and revocation, for and in the name, place and stead of the undersigned to vote upon and act with respect to, all of the shares of Common Stock of the Company at said meeting and at any adjournment thereof, and the undersigned directs that their proxy be voted as indicated on the reverse side hereof. If only one of the above proxies shall be present in person, or by substitute, at such meeting or any adjournment thereof, that proxy, so present and voting, either in person or by substitute, shall exercise all of the powers hereby given.

The undersigned hereby revokes any proxy or proxies heretofore given to vote upon or act with respect to such stock and hereby ratifies and confirms all that said proxies, their substitutes, or any of them, may lawfully do by virtue hereof.

Continued and to be signed on reverse side